THE DAILY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY

Penniman, Reed & Co.,

AT GAZETTE BUILDING

No. 86 Fifth Street.

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TERMS:

Single Copies..... 3 cents.
Delivered by carrier, (per week)..... 15 cents.
Mail Subscribers, (per year)..... $8.00.
Liberal reductions to Newsboys and Agents

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY NOVEMBER 9, 1866.

BUSINESS FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

During the past summer the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund tried to obtain at private sale two millions of dollars in Pennsylvania bonds, towards the cancelment of the Public Debt, and totally failed. Afterwards they advertised for that amount of bonds, giving all the notice they could, allowing margin enough to close the transaction during the fiscal year. The notice, however, was not long enough to reach Europe and get answers. This notice failed to bring the bonds into market, and hence that large amount of money is idle, so far as concerns the Commonwealth—whatever the State Treasurer may make out of it.

There are about twenty millions of Pennsylvania bonds overdue, and which the State has a right either to cancel or to stop the interest upon What, therefore, the Legislature ought to do is plain. Let it give the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund authority to call in what bonds they need, in the order of maturity, and in case the bonds shall not be surrendered, to stop the interest upon them.

If valid objections should be found to such provisions of laws—which we do not conceive to be possible—then it might be well to order the Commissioners to invest the surplus funds of the State in Federal securities, where they would be drawing for the public benefit as much or more interest than is now paid by the State to the holders of its bonds. At all events, the matter should not be allowed to remain in its present condition. Two millions of dollars at interest for the benefit of the Treasurer, even if the rate of interest is low, affords so large picking that even "a good fellow" ought not to enjoy it a fortnight after the assembling of the Legislature.

THE chief officers of the Associated Press in New York are just now engaged in a lively quarrel. We do not care which side wins, but trust the Press, outside of that metropolis, may reap some good from the result. The present system of furnishing news through the agency of the Associated Press is open to the gravest objections, and now is a proper time to state them and demand improvement. There can be no good reason why the telegrams which we publish elsewhere should not have been placed in our hands at dark last evening, instead of pouring in up till three o'clock this morning. The items are nearly all clippings from yesterday morning's papers and could have been transmitted *before noon*. Again, we do not think that the press throughout the country should pay for the editorial matter upon political topics of the New York journals. Independent, thinking editors generally choose to await the mail for such material, and prefer using their discretion about publishing extracts from Eastern cotemporary journals. There are many other grievances which the press has long borne quietly, but patience has ceased to be a virtue and immediate reform should be demanded.

NEW YORK.—Governor FENTON, Republican, is re-elected by a majority approximating 13,000. The Congressional delegation stands as in the present body; the losses in the city being made up in the rural districts. Thus—in the Tenth District, composed of Westchester, Rockland and Putnam counties, W. H. ROBERTSON, Republican, is elected over W. RADFORD, Democrat. In the Eleventh District, composed of Orange and Sullivan counties, CHARLES H. VAN WYCK, Republican, is elected over G. ANDERSON, Democrat. In the Thirteenth District, composed of Greene and Ulster counties, THOMAS CORNELL, Republican, is elected over I. H. TUTHILL, Democrat. These are gains.

The Legislature is decidedly Republican, securing a successor to IRA HARRIS of the right stripe.

IT was reported before the late elections—how truly we cannot vouch—Mr. SEWARD had confessed that if the Republicans carried New York he should consider the result a direct intimation that he had so completely forfeited the confidence of the people who had honored and sustained him throughout his long career, that it was his duty to seek the retirement of private life. Well, the intimation has been given. See if Mr. SEWARD heeds it.

THE Radicals have carried Missouri by 25,000. In the First Congressional District, M. Hogan, a radical, has beaten his Democratic competitor. B. F. Loan, radical, who was in doubt, has been re-elected. The Radicals, at worst, hold their own, and probably gain one Congressman.

IN Massachusetts the Republican majority is sixty-four thousand. As an indication of popular sentiment it may be stated that about as many negroes have been elected to the Legislature as copperheads. Freedom of opinion works some peculiar results.

FOUR out of the five Congressmen in New Jersey are Republicans, and the Legislature being strongly of the same faith, a Republican United States Senator will be elected in place of Mr. WRIGHT, Democrat, recently deceased. Excellently done, for New Jersey.

THE Radicals of Maryland have resolved henceforward to battle for "Universal Suffrage and Equal Laws." So far from being disheartened by defeat, they have risen to a higher purpose and are animated by a livelier enthusiasm.

IN the Third District of Vermont, at the regular election, there was no choice for Congressman. Now WORTHINGTON C. SMITH, Radical, has been chosen.

THE Monongahela *Republican* urges the selection of the Hon. M. S. Quay, of Beaver county, as Speaker of the House of Representatives.

ILLINOIS is immensely Republican. The Congressional delegation stands as before, ten Republicans to three Democrats.

MICHIGAN gives 25,000 Republican majority, and the whole Congressional delegation, five in number, as before.

NEVADA sends greeting across the continent, with a thousand Republican majority.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 270. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

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Everything

In Cloths and Cassimers, and Cloak trimmings at No. 73 Market street.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 First street, Pittsburgh.

Every Lady in Want of

a stylish, elegant and beautiful winter cloak, Spence's, at No, 73 Market street, is the place to get it.

In Point of Fact,

We know of no place in the city where a lady can be made to appear fashionable, but at No. 73 Market street, when she is the possessor of one of Spence's Cloaks.

Free. Free. Free.

A treatise upon Dyeing and Scouring, with many other valuable receipts, by Howe & Stevens. Free—at McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 85 Market street, cor. Diamond, near Fifth street.

For Ladies' Wraps.

Of every conceivable description, and made of all the popular and new styles of cloths, go to the Pioneer Cloak House of the west, the Pittsburgh Cloak and Mantilla store, No. 73 Market street.

Silverine.

For instantly silver-plating copper, brass, German silver, bronze, &c., for cleaning and polishing silver and silver plated ware.

Sold by McClarran & McKennan, Druggists, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

Furs! Furs! Furs!

Immense stock of all the new styles Ladies' Furs, at the extensive and popular house of Wm. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street. The stock at this establishment is not excelled by any other house in this country, and the exceedingly low price at which they are selling is causing quite a sensation. If you want anything in the line of capes, collars, Eugenies, muffs, the new style skating muff, go to Wm Fleming, No. 139 Wood street.

A Strange Story—The Mysterious Disappearance of Alvin C. Temple, at Burning Springs—The Explanation Given by his Supposed Murderer—A Lake of Petroleum Discovered in a Cave on the Little Kanawha, far under Ground—Temple Falls in and is Drowned.

Some weeks ago a man named Alvin C. Temple, a citizen of New York, mysteriously disappeared at Burning Springs, West Virginia. Within the last few days suspicion fastened on a person named Robert S. Steinway as his murderer, and accordingly he was arrested. Since his arrest he has written and published the following extraordinary statement in the Parkersburg *Times* of Monday last:

My object in writing this communication is to lay before the public the facts attending the distressing death of the late Alvin C. Temple, of the city of New York, as I have just been arrested here on a charge of being accessory to, and the cause of it. I am here without friends or acquaintance, and must go to prison for want of bail. I hope, however, in the course of a few days, to exonerate myself from all suspicion of any complicity in the death of my friend.

The deceased and myself were both residents of New York, and had been acquainted nearly ten years. About the middle of September last, we left home together on a tour to the oil regions of Southern Ohio and West Virginia. We came first to Marietta, Ohio, and visited the oil wells of Duck Creek. We then visited successively Horseneck, Sand Hill, White Oak, and Burning Springs. We arrived at the latter place on the afternoon of Friday, October 26th. We spent Saturday in visiting the various oil wells. On Sunday morning we started on a ramble to make some observations in the nature of the country. From this ramble Mr. Temple never returned, and upon this circumstance have been arrested. I hope the public, after hearing my statement, will suspend its judgment until I can offer more proof of my entire innocence. Mr. Temple being something of a geologist, carried a leather sack suspended on a strap over the shoulder to contain the specimens collected, and in his hand a hammer with a handle three feet long, such as is commonly used by geologists. We crossed the Burning Springs run at the mouth and climbed up the hill on the upper side. About three-fourths of the way up we discovered an opening in the rocks, caused probably by some convulsion of the earth. Into this we found that we could crawl some fifteen feet, when the finer progress was stopped by the fissure becoming narrower. Temple, by thrusting in his hammer, ascertained that the passage soon widened again; and that by crawling through some of the pieces of rocks we could go on. We procured a sapling, which we found on the ground above, which we used as a battering ram. We could hear the pieces fall as they were pushed inward, and from the sound knew the descent could be but a few feet. I went first; when we had opened the way and descended by letting myself down by the hands, Temple followed. Lighting a match and a piece of paper we found ourselves in a cavern about twelve feet square, in which we could stand upright. Pieces of broken rock, varying in size from an egg to a barrel, covered the ground. Temple collected some specimens, principally sandstone and feldspar, which he put into the sack to be examined at leisure. Our progress was very difficult on account of the loose and jagged stones. Partly feeling our way, and now and then lighting a match, we managed to ascertain what I have related, and also to discover a fissure nearly opposite where we entered, some three feet in width at the bottom and gradually narrowing toward the top. Crawling into this we found it made a considerable descent until it opened into a spacious cave, the dimensions of which I cannot state, as it was not thoroughly explored. We found here the same chaos of broken rocks, and were consequently bruising ourselves in climbing over and through them. Proceeding some thirty yards we saw a light on our right which proved to be caused by a split in the rock. Looking through it we could see the hills on the opposite bank of the Kanawha, but could not open our way out. Leaving this on our right we proceeded to make what explorations our limited means would allow. After going perhaps fifty yards, we were surprised at finding a small lake, or pool, as near as I can judge, fifteen feet in length, by twenty feet wide. Its level was some three feet below the ground on which we stood. Temple inserted his hammer into this pool and found that instead of water it was oil—petroleum. I have not time to describe our sensations on this discovery, which promised untold wealth. After discussing the matter for a few minutes, he attempted to try the depth with the handle of his hammer. He got as near the brink as he could, and was about executing his design, when the loose stones on which he stood suddenly caved in with him. He sunk, rose again, struggled a moment, and I saw him no more. I was powerless to assist him, even if I had not been completely bewildered. The weight of the specimens in his sack no doubt prevented him from saving himself, as he was a capital swimmer. The horror of my situation may be imagined. I stood alone in that cave wherein was death and darkness, fully aware that when I went out into the light I would only meet distrust and suspicion. I called my companion by name again and again till terrified by the sepulchral echoes that resounded through the black cave.

This is the true statement of the fact. Whether it will be credited is more than I can say. I am fully aware how difficult it is for me to answer the question, "Why did you me to answer the question, "Why did you not make this statement sooner?" Here is my reply. When I left the cave I went to my room at the hotel. Overwhelmed as I was, I could not help being sensible that the discovery was an important one, and resolved to secure the benefits of it; so I kept the matter quiet until my designs should be accomplished. To this end I obtained a favorable lease from the agent of the Rathbone Oil Company the ground covering the cave. This lease, as the county records will show, was made the day after the occurrence above revealed. It is made to George Temple, the father of Henry V. Temple, the brother of the late Alvin C. Temple. I have not received to myself directly or indirectly any part of this lease. I hope this circumstance will go far to show that I could have no motive in causing the death of my friend. I do not think the relatives, or those who know me, will entertain the slightest suspicion to my prejudice. Yet I feel that I can never have a moment's peace of mind until the judgment of everybody shall acquit me of the charge. And now, Messrs. Editors, I request that you will give the foregoing statement a place in your paper and thereby oblige a man now under arrest and not friendless and grief stricken man.

ROBERT S. STEINWAY.

[By the Merchants' National Telegraph Co.]

From Oil City.

Special to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

OIL CITY, NOV. 8,

River twenty inches. Weather cloudy. Market dull. K.

Jerome Park Races.

JEROME PARK, 1:45 P. M., NOV. 8.—The hurdle race—one mile and three quarters, and seven hurdles—was won by Roscoe; Yellow Hammer and Surprise fell. Time 4:15. In the three-quarters of mile dash, Trovatore beat Her Ladyship by three lengths Time 1:21¼.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

THE NEW YORK ELECTIONS.

Gov. Fenton's Majority 12,900.

MAJORITIES ON CONGRESSMEN.

Equal Rights Convention.

INTERESTING ACCOUNTS FROM MEXICO.

NEW YORK, November 8.—The corrected returns from the interior of this State generally increase the majority of Governor Fenton. According to present appearances it will approximate 12,900. The other candidates will be somewhat higher, as the trading of votes on local candidates will somewhat reduce the vote for Governor. The Assembly, so far as ascertained, will stand 81 Republicans to 45 Democrats. Clarke B. Cochrane is defeated in Albany by 31 votes. Stephen Baker, Republican, is also defeated in Putnam.

Majorities on Congressmen.—First District—Stephen Taber, Democrat, 1,728. Second District—Demas Barnes, Democrat, 6,561. Third District—William E. Robinson, Democrat, 1,876. Fourth District—John Fox, Democrat, 9,988. Fifth District—John Morrissey, Democrat, over Taylor, 2,708. Sixth District—Thomas E. Stewart, Democrat, 2,458. Seventh District—J. Winthrop Chanler, Democrat, 4,474. Eighth District—Fernando Wood, Democrat, 9,575. Ninth District—Fernando Wood, Democrat, 1,429. Tenth District—W. H. Robertson, Republican, 2,006. Eleventh District—Charles H. Van Wyck, Republican, 3,500. Twelfth District—James A. Ketcham, Republican, 1,930. Thirteenth District—Thomas Cornell, Republican, 250. Fourteenth District—John V. L. Pruyn, Democrat, 1,708. Fifteenth District—Robert Schenck, Republican, 5,000. Sixteenth District—Orange Ferris, Republican, 1,200. Seventeenth District—Calvin T. Hutchins, Republican, 8,500. Eighteenth District—Elias Marks, Republican, 3,000. Nineteenth District—William C. Fields, Republican, 2,200. Twentieth District—Addison H. Laflin, Republican, 4,250. Twenty-first District—Roscoe Conkling, Republican, 1,500. Twenty-second District—John C. Churchill, Republican, 5,500. Twenty-third District—Benjamin Metcalf, Republican, 5,000. Twenty-fourth District—Theodore M. Pomeroy, Republican, 5,200. Twenty-fifth District—Wm. H. Kelsey, Republican, 4,100. Twenty-sixth District—Martin L. Hurlbut, Republican, 5,100. Twenty-seventh District—Hamilton Ward, Republican, 5,000. Twenty-eighth District—Lewis Selye, Independent Republican, 2,000. Twenty-ninth District—Burt Van Horn, Republican, 3,800. Thirtieth District—James M. Humphrey, Democrat, 600. Thirty-first District—Henry Van Aernam, Republican, 7,000.

The aggregate Republican majority from this table is 25,208.

The following call has been issued: "In view of the proposed Convention for a revision of the State Constitution, the American Equal Rights Association will hold a Convention in Tweddle Hall, Albany, Tuesday and Wednesday, November 20th and 21st, to consider the question of so amending the Constitution as to secure the right of suffrage to all citizens without distinction of race or color. The spirit of the age impels an onward step. The people everywhere, in the Old World and the New, roused from the lethargy of ages, are demanding the extension of rights. The reconstruction of this Union is a broader, deeper work than the restoration of the rebel States. The true meaning of the entire nation into the practical realization of our republican idea. Let then, the lovers of freedom from every quarter of the State come to this conference in Albany, and add their voice and their influence on the side of justice, to make New York a genuine republic, a power in the nation and a light to the world.

Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Frederick Douglas, Hon. A. J. Calvin, Parker Pillsbury, Lucy Stone, Henry R. Blackwell, Charles Lenox Remond, Francis Jackson, and other advocates of Equal Rights, will be present and participate in the discussions of the Convention.

On behalf of the said Equal Rights Association. (Signed) LUCRETIA MOTT, President.

A correspondent, who left the City of Mexico on the 22d ult., and Vera Cruz on the 26th, gives the following account of the condition of Mexico:

Gen. Castleman, the Aid de Camp of the Emperor Napoleon, and special commissioner from France to Mexico, arrived in the Capital on Sunday night, Oct. 21. He met the Emperor Maximilian at Orizaba, on the road near Mexico, and after salutations each went his respective way. No official communication appears to have passed between them, but Castleman is reported to have declined communicating with the General on the affairs of the country until his return to Mexico.

It is very doubtful if Castleman has much business to transact with him. The coming of this Commissioner has been waited for in Mexico with the greatest interest, and even anxiety. Everything is afloat there and all are waiting the development of the policy, whatever that may be. Some say that Bazaine will be at the head of the Army of Castelnau; others, Juarez, or Santa Anna, or Ortega. Under American protection every one has his say about the future of this poor country, but no one seems to know what it will be.

The condition of the country as quite as bad as it well could be in every aspect. The finances are exhausted, the crops of barley and Indian corn, the main stay of the people, are short. Corn is worth twelve dollars the cargo of four mules, and barley in proportion.

The neighborhood of the city and the country generally, is overrun with bands of guerrillas, professedly Imperialists, but in practice highwaymen and cut throats.

A band under one Antoine Perez, took possession last month of Apam, a village fifty miles from the city, and for three days the town carried off some of the inhabitants for ransom, and finished by crucifying the best women of the place in the public square. The removal of the Commissioners would now be settled by the Courts, and also that Judge Bond would be held to a strict accountability for his actions.

Returns from Allegheny county indicate that the Conservatives have carried the Legislative ticket.

The Constitutional amendment against the creation of a sinking fund for the support of the public schools has been adopted.

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FROM CANADA.

More Fenian Trials—Important Objections Taken by Prisoner's Counsel.

TORONTO, Nov. 8.—The excitement in the trials is diminishing. Court opened this morning at the usual hour, Patrick O'Neil was the first prisoner placed in the dock. Mr. McKenzie, before the prisoner pleaded, moved that the indictment be quashed, on the ground of misjoinder of Court, as that offence was committed in the County of Welland, and therefore cannot be tried in the County of York, it being one of two counties united. Mr. McKenzie contended that his learned friend had placed a wrong construction on the interpretation of the clause, and that as to the second ground his Lordship had overruled that objection by his decision in an application of the same nature made yesterday. A lengthy legal argument here took place between the counsel.

Mr. K. McKenzie—I would ask of your Lordship to allow me until to-morrow to consider which course I shall adopt in this case, whether I should enter demurrer, or allow the prisoner to plead over.

Hon. John Cameron—Better be careful how you demur in case of the Queen vs. Switzer, which is reported in which I defended the prisoner. It was held by the learned judges, that unless the demurrer had been successful the sentence would have had to be carried out.

His Lordship.—Very well, I have no objection.

The prisoner was then removed and Patrick McGrath was placed in the dock.

McNab in a short address opened the case for the Crown, in which he stated that it would be proved that the prisoner on the 1st of June was seen with what is known as a Fenian rifle in his possession near Fort Erie, and the account which he gave of himself after arrest. Democrats. Clarke B. Cochrane is defeated in Albany by 31 votes. Stephen Baker, Republican, is also defeated in Putnam.

After the examination of a few witnesses, His Lordship, addressing the jury, explained that the evidence showed the prisoner to be a British subject, and could not therefore be tried as an alien. Indicted, he therefore directed the jury to return a verdict of acquittal.

Mr. McKenzie then submitted that British subjects could not be tried twice for the same offence; he should therefore be discharged.

Mr. R. A. Harrison—The Crown has full set of evidence of the prisoner, my Lord, if he is tried again, he will not be tried as an American citizen.

The Court at one o'clock adjourned till ten o'clock to-morrow.

It is Mr. Meagher's intention to take the following objections to all the indictments preferred against the Fenian prisoners yet untried, containing double counts, and that in case of the Queen vs. Gallagher, in order to enable the prisoner to plead a plea of autrefois acquit; 1st, on the ground of misjoinder of counts, and that he was charged as an American citizen; 2d, that he is charged as a British subject, and that he is charged with what amounts to high treason. A plea can be put in on each ground separately, and the subject at the same time. There cannot be two distinct offenses charged in the same indictment. 4th, That it appears on the face of this indictment that the offences charged therein against the prisoner were committed in the county of Welland, and the indictment, therefore, could not be legally preferred against him.

The Grand Jury entered the court and brought bills against the following Fenian prisoners: John Hughes, Patrick Donahue, James Burke, James Spalding, William Orr, Patrick Keating, William Baker, Barney Dunn, and Frederick Fry.

The Condemned Fenians—The Death Penalty not to be Enforced—Release of the Prisoners.

TORONTO, November 8.—The Toronto *Leader* this morning in a long article on the fate of the condemned Fenians, says: The formal passing of the sentence of death is regarded as a certain indication of their fate; circumstances point towards leniency. As the necessity of shedding blood is not very urgent, both as an example and a terror. These circumstances will probably determine the fate of the prisoners; but if it should turn out that none of them are executed, the public feeling will be found to be very complimentary. Let no one run away with the idea that the Fenian culprits will get free pardon or anything approaching to it. Public opinion will demand punishment be certain and severe. Under different circumstances they would assuredly have been hanged. If it were possible to keep from assassination and to execute, all appeals for mercy would be vain. The Imperial Government will have some suggestion to make on the subject, and any that may suggestion from the Crown will, without further advice, shape his course. There is an increasing tendency on the part of the public to believe that the full rigor of the law will not be enforced on the prisoners sentenced to death. Already the friends of the prisoners are raising money on the presumption that they are going to be released; and if it be probable that they will not be hanged, the sooner this is understood the less they will be able to raise. We can afford to be magnanimous now that we know we can afford to make them martyrs; but our magnanimity cannot go beyond sparing their lives, if it go that far. Punishment in proportion to the offence, and to the importance of royal clemency, they must receive.

The *Globe* has a dispatch from Montreal saying that it is said that the Government at the late Cabinet meeting resolved to commute the sentence of Lynch and McMahon.

Three men, named Bell, Finnegan and Wells, charged with the old gaol delivery last, on the charge of Fenianism, were released from custody, the Grand Jury having ignored the bills against them.

Baltimore Habeas Corpus Case.

BALTIMORE, NOV. 8.—The habeas corpus case was continued till one o'clock when Judge Giles announced his decision, which was to refuse permitting, with the consent of the counsel for the old commissioners, the parties to be untrammeled until the court should meet at that hour.

BALTIMORE, November 8.—The habeas corpus case was continued until this morning. There was a long argument made by counsel on the admissibility of evidence, after which the court decided to admit evidence, which took a very wide range, embracing every point in the proceedings, from the legality of the last removal of the Commissioners, the appointment of others, and the proceedings subsequent, down to the arrest and imprisonment of Messrs. Gill, Wilson, and Sheriff Thompson. At 8 o'clock the court adjourned till to-morrow morning.

Serenade to Gov. Swann—Maryland Election.

BALTIMORE, November 8.—Governor Swann was called upon at his residence last night by a large body of Conservatives, and made a speech, congratulating them on the victory obtained, and he quoted in the letter of the removal of the Commissioners would now be settled by the Courts, and also that Judge Bond would be held to a strict accountability for his actions.

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EUROPEAN ADVICES BY THE CABLE.

The Rebel Steamers and the Admiralty Court—The French Troops in Mexico—The King of Italy in Venice.

[BY THE CABLE.]

LONDON, November 8.—The case of the rebel steamers seized at Liverpool, which was brought before the Admiralty Court, has been allowed, by consent of all parties, to stand over. It is believed that the matter will be privately adjusted.

PARIS, Nov. 8.—The French transports are ready to bring home the French troops from Mexico.

VENICE, Nov. 8.—The King of Italy entered Venice yesterday, and met with a grand reception.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The drafts of Dent & Co., of China, have been refused acceptance. Their engagements are heavy.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The bank rate has been reduced to 4 per cent.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 8.—Market for cotton dull, and prices have declined ⅛. The sales to-day have been 8,000 bales, middling uplands are quoted at 14½d.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The money market is quiet; Consols for money, 89¾; U. S. 5-20s, 69; Erie 39¾; Illinois Central, 77.

The Missouri Election.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 8.—The official vote gives Gen. Pile 170 majority over Hogan for Congress, but should several hundred votes cast after the regular closing of the polls be secured, his majority will be increased, and Gen. Blair defeated for Legislature. The 2d, 4th, 5th, 7th and 8th districts gave large Radical majorities. Returns from the 3d (Neell's) district is still too meagre to determine the result. In the 9th district Switzele, Conservative, is probably elected. Thirty-six counties give over 11,000 of a Radical majority. The counties to be heard from gave Lincoln about 21,000 majority.

Accident to Louis Fox.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., November 8.—Louis Fox, the celebrated billiard player, was severely wounded this morning, at his residence in this city, by the accidental discharge of a pistol in a pocket of his coat. The ball entered the abdomen and lodged in the thigh beyond the reach of the probe. The surgeons think he will recover.

Seizure of Arms—Personal Item.

OTTAWA, C. W., November 8.—Two cases of rifles addressed to unknown persons were seized, and detained by the authorities for instructions from the Government.

Hon. John A. McDonald leaves on Monday for New York, to join other delegates sailing for England, on Wednesday.

Serenade to Gov. Fenton.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 8.—The citizens of this village and vicinity assembled in great numbers at the Union Hall this evening to tender this evening. A grand reception is being held. A general invitation is given to all, and his eloquent and capacious mansion and grounds are thronged.

Fenton's Majority—Destructive Fire.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 8.—Fenton's majority in Monroe county is 1,500, according to the returns received, which are nearly all in.

The stave factory of M. Diffendorf, at Savannah, Wayne county, was burned this morning, involving a loss of $10,000. Insured for $5,000.

The Democracy of Ohio.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 8.—In the meeting to-day of the Ohio Democratic State Central Committee, it was resolved to hold a State Convention for the nomination of Governor and other State officers, on the 8th of January next.

From Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 7.—Letters from Juarez announce the arrival at Chihuahua of sixty American adventurers, who immediately be assigned service in the Liberal army.

Saw Mill Burnt.

LOWELL, MASS., November 8.—The saw mill of Coorses & Morris was burned this morning; loss $15,000; uninsured.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON THIRD PAGE.)

Pittsburgh and Allegheny Orphans' Asylum.

The noble edifice, which, for three years has been in course of erection, is at length, happily completed. Another large family of parentless children, hitherto crowded into the old asylum on Webster street, were on Monday transferred to their new home on Ridge street. The occasion was celebrated on Thursday afternoon by a large number of those liberal and public spirited persons whose generous labors and liberal offerings it is mainly owing that the doors of this noble edifice and home are now open for the first time as a *home*, a *refuge* and a *shelter* for the destitute little ones, cast upon the world's charity.

The inmates, about one hundred and fifty in all, assembled in the large dining-hall of the institution, and Snyder delivered eloquent and impressive addresses. The Rev. Mr. Slattery, after a brief address, asked the visitors and all the children to join in repeating the Lord's prayer.

The public services were closed with the benediction by the Rev. Mr. Slattery, and all sang hymns in the intervals of the addresses.

The visitors then strolled through and examined every part of the building—which appears throughout well adapted to its purpose, and admirable judgment. The whole structure is 150 by 55 feet, and comprises a basement, two principal stories and a Mansard roof. The basement is built of dressed stone, the superstructure of brick. The lower or basement story is divided into a kitchen, dining-room, bakery, lavatory, playroom and store-room. The principal or second floor comprises reception-room drawing room, matrons' parlor, chapel, school room, nursery and dormitory; the third floor is devoted to dormitories, infirmary, clothes room, &c. There are bathing facilities on each floor. The wash house, 60 feet long, is a separate one-story brick building on the west end of the lot. The lot has a front of 250 feet eastward on Tremont street, and 250 feet each on the north on Carey and on the west on Ridge streets, in the First Ward, Allegheny City.

The architect, J. Kerr; carpenters, A. Patterson and Walker; stone work by Howarth; plastering by Blythe. All these parties have done justice to the Charity undertaking, be quite sure that the trustees of this institution—and who are not its friends?—the benefactors, and the beneficiaries owe much to the humane and generous services of a single gentleman who for three years, with untiring assiduity and patient perseverance, has watched and tended every step of its progress, supervised the plans and their execution with a judgment and skill of the utmost importance, as well as perfecting the building, adapting its parts to the various wants and conveniences of such an institution, as to the comfort of inmates. Not in these respects only has the gentleman spoken or proved himself a philanthropist, but he has also in the time given up to the service, and his contributions of money, added to the commendable an exemplar of noble charities and willing labors, thereby exciting others to like good deeds, inspiring the managers to zeal and sacrificing ladies to continued service and sacrifices, until this large, spacious, convenient and noble edifice stands in our midst, an ornament to the city, and a home and refuge for all time to come of the bereaved and helpless.

Ladies and gentlemen, in doing it to these little ones, you have done it to Christ himself. God is not unmindful of such services. He will repay.

Franklin Cotton Works.

This establishment, owned and carried on for several years by the late Edmund Hyde, has, on account of his death, stood idle for several months. We are glad to announce the resumption of business by E. Hyde's Sons. This firm is composed of the children of Mr. E. Hyde, viz., George, Thomas and Edmund, and their sister Elizabeth, each one of whom is familiar with the duties of their business, the brothers are carders, spinners and machinists, and with their own heads and hands oversee and do the work, usually entrusted to hired overseers, and their sister has charge of the counting-room, books, pay roll, &c. Their patrons may rely on getting, at all times, the best quality of cotton warps, cotton yarns, carpet-chain, twine, batting, &c. We heartily commend this family firm to the liberal patronage which we feel sure they will deserve. See advertisement.

Committed to Jail.—William Smith was committed to jail yesterday by Alderman Donaldson, to await his trial at court on charge of having received stolen goods, knowing them to be such, from Jacob Schwaller.

Peter Zimmerman, the proprietor of Iron City Park, situate in Pensbo rough, appeared before Alderman Scully yesterday, and made oath against Charles Stall and Jacob Schowaller, for trespassing on his premises after being duly warned not to do so. The parties named were arrested and made to give bail in the sum of $300, to answer at court.

Common Pleas.—In the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, Judge Stowe on the bench, the jury in the case of H. L. Price & Co., vs. S. Wade & Co., after a full hour's deliberation, came in our issue of Wednesday, returned a verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $215. A motion for a new trial was made by counsel for defence, and reasons filed.

The next case taken up was that of James M. Hemphill vs. S. K. Kane & Co. Not concluded at the hour of adjournment.

Threatened to "Get Even."—Martha McGraw appeared before Justice Lippert yesterday, and made oath against Samuel Nesbitt for surety of the peace. The offence consisted in the defendant saying he would "get even" with the prosecutrix. What significance the speaker gave to his words by the manner of delivery we are unable to say, but it doubtless implied a threat against Martha's peace and bodily security, and hence the information. Nesbitt was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Allegheny Councils.

Both branches of Allegheny Councils held a regular monthly meeting at their chambers in City Building last night. There were present Messrs. Brown, English, Faulhaber, Hanna, Megraw, Miller, McNeil Reed, Riddle, Walter and President Reany.

After the reading of the minutes of previous meeting, which were approved, Mr. Faulhaber presented a petition from Joseph Graff & Co., asking for the privilege of constructing a walk over Carpenters' alley, between their buildings. Read and petition granted.

Mr. Walter read a petition from the property holders of South Canal street, asking that it be graded and paved. Referred to Street Committee.

The receipts of the weighmasters and clerks of the city, as presented in a report of Market Committee, were as follows:

W. F. Anderson, second ward scales...	$ 479 82
Duncan Dallas, Clerk of Markets.....	2,148 05
J. S. Edgar, of Diamond scales.....	354 00

Report accepted.

Mr. Megraw

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1866.

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

This gentleman stands alone. With natural abilities and ornaments of culture fitting him to be the leader and idol of a great party, he remains solitary. He excites admiration and wonder, curiosity and hatred, commands respect and stirs opposition, and still few are found to accept his inculcations and yield to his guidance. Despising all glosses, striking with keen analysis thro ugh subterfuges and illusions, contemning ambition for personal popularity, or official position, he carries with him the aspect of the old Hebrew phophet who so constantly said hard things of the great men and the dominant party in Israel, that they came to hate him with a perfect hatred. Yet, no thoughtful man will venture to decide that he is not useful in his day and generation. It is often needful in this world to have unpleasant things said, and there must be some one to say them. The living subject on a surgeon's table finds no pleasure in the skill that searches dexterously to the seat of the hurt, and carefully removes the diseased portions; but he derives incalculable benefit therefrom. An unsophisticated looker-on instinctively fancies the surgeon's task to be most repulsive, and marvels any man of ordinary sensibilities can give himself up to it; but the surgeon, conscious of his skill, and knowing the advantages which it imparts, takes more than a grim pleasure in the exercise of his function—it fills him with a calm but overflowing contentment.

In a speech Mr. PHILLIPS made in Faneuil Hall, the evening of the 5th instant, he said:

"Wilson says to his constituents that two thousand five hundred negroes have been killed in a single city in Texas. Whose blame is it? Wilson and Congress. If Union men in New Orleans are murdered, why does not Congress assemble and order Grant to stop it; or, if the President refuses, impeach him. [Applause.] Had the long Parliament heard that the Protector was in league with the Stuarts, that it was not safe for an Englishman to visit Bristol, would they have adjourned? The blood of Dostic lies on Congress as well as on the White House. What it can prevent it is responsible for. One man made New Orleans safe to live in, could not Congress make the South so? [Prolonged applause.] One soldier left to himself, with not enough white troops to man his forts, calling to Africa for assistance, made the first and worst great city of the rebels a safe ground for a Northern man to live in and trade in. Extend New Orleans until it covers ten States and the problem is ended. The South must be ruled by the iron hand of military despotism for some years to come. The fact that Congress could have prevented the danger that threatened Baltimore made it responsible for it."

Pardoning something to the enthusiasm of the orator, there is matter here worthy of consideration. Congress, at its late session, made mistakes both of commission and omission. It is well to have these mistakes pointed out in order that they may be rectified at the approaching session. Not a few of the members who held back last winter, and down to the day of adjournment, are now thoroughly convinced the policy they pursued was wrong in principle and detrimental in its consequences. Some of them have magnanimously avowed their changed ideas on this head.

But, Mr. PHILLIPS went on to say:

"The only true friends of the South were the Abolitionists and are now the Radicals. Congress wasted seven months trying to protect the negro. During all the war our only friends were the black race. What do we now propose? to protect them. Who from? From the Rebel with the halter round his neck? No! We raised the Rebel, took the halter from his neck, gave him his estate, returned him to influence, and then we go to work to protect the negro. Give the loyal man all the rights that belong to loyalty and then pass laws to protect the Rebels, the foot is on the wrong leg. Instead of having a Civil Rights bill to protect Robert Small, we should have a bill to protect Governor Aiken from him. We have made the Rebels tyrants and then talk of protecting the negro from the former. This is an important question for State and Wall streets. The crisis which shall restore us to a healthy currency can only be kept off by making the five millions of negroes large consumers of Northern fabrics; restore the Union so as to make all their rights not dependent on Rebels, but secure, and there will be no panic. We will escape the otherwise inevitable catastrophe. The South has always by its persistency carried through its financial bills, and if their power is not restrained by the colored loyal vote we shall have to pay the Rebel debt, and our financial ruin would be the result."

There is some exaggeration in this; but there is more hard fact and plain common sense. The vulgar prejudice against the blacks so swayed even Republican members of Congress that they failed to discover the real nature and extent of the evil for which they were called to provide a remedy. The development of the last six months throughout the Southern States, have been sufficient to correct all misjudgments on this head, and to induce a better method when Congress shall reassemble a month hence.

In the last number of the *Anti-Slavery Standard*, Mr. PHILLIPS discloses his hearty suspicions of Lieutenant General SHERMAN, and says a good many things we are far enough from endorsing. Take a sample:

"Sherman can hide under no such excuse. There is no doubt he has genius. Emerson tells of a Colonel Buford, at West Point, who struck the trunnions of a cannon so many thousand blows with a hammer that at last he broke them. Just so Grant broke the rebellion. Sherman conquered with his brains as truly as with his sword. He will never be a King Log. It is vitally important that his steps towards the Presidency should be vigilantly scrutinized. Long time a resident of the South, he has all the narrow prejudices and absurd opinions of that section. He hates New England for the ideas it represents. He has nothing but curse and contemptuous criticism for Massachusetts; not, of course, the geographical State, but the principles, ideas and purpose which that name stirs in the mind of every man who hears it. We fear he has learned little from the war. Bigoted, half-informed, intensely sectional, the moment armed resistance ceases, he is just the man to serve the South in her effort to regain by intrigue what she lost by arms. If he is our next President, he will carry out in its fulfillment, on a national scale, that disgraceful and wholesale surrender to Johnson which only a Northern growl, that drowned even the thunder of Niagara, frightened him and his comrades from completing. After living for twenty years at the South in intimate relations with her leaders, after sweeping through her territory at the head of a victorious army, and taking the latest survey of her mood and resources, he proposed to treat the war as a frolic, and let both sections resume, substantially, the relations they held before the Rebellion. General Sherman is too shrewd and capable a man to allow of our explaining this on any ground of credulity or misapprehension. Such an offer could have come only from a mind incurably Southern in its ties and opinions. If the hot fires of such civil war could not burn this lolly and wickedness out of him, he is past cure. His clear, logical common sense taught him what honor and fair play demanded. While he had no relish for the plan of allowing negroes to fight, and flung his influence against it, he confessed that—'to admit the negro to this struggle for any purpose was to give him a right to stay in it for all, and that when the fight is over, the hand that drops the musket cannot be denied the ballot,'—still, no man has since heard one word from him in support of that rule of justice and fair play. His narrow, sectional hate has smothered his logic. His old, bitter aristocracy of the skin still clings to him."

TRINITY CHURCH.

Reports have recently been put in circulation to the effect that discoveries had been made which so greatly invalidated the title of the Corporation of Trinity Church in the city of New York, that the Trustees thereof had submitted terms of compromise. These rumors took so positive a form that the Trustees felt constrained to issue a card positively contradicting the whole of them. In it they say, that they have never offered or agreed to accept, nor even taken into consideration any proposition for a compromise of the claims now talked about; that the title of the Church has been fully adjudicated and sustained by the Courts, against this very claim; so that the adverse title can only be sustained by a reversal of former decision; and that there is no dispute with Mr. ASTOR or any of the tenants of the Church, growing out of supposed invalidity of the title on which the property is held.

St. Paul's is a chapel belonging to Trinity. On the 30th of October, the Rev. Dr. DIX, rector of that chapel, delivered a discourse on the financial condition and future work of Trinity, in which he brought out many facts of great interest touching the value of the trust property and the management of it. Of the pecuniary value of the trust he said:

"The lots belonging to the Astor lease, which has just fallen in, have been leased again. The Corporation is now in possession of all the property it can ever hold. The current financial year, which will end on the 31st of July, 1867, will barely leave us without a deficit, and its entire revenues thereafter, with the addition of the income of the Astor lease, will not equal the interest of $6,000,000. Deducting charges on real estate, expenses of administration, interest on its debt, allowances and donations pledged to other parishes and institutions, its available income for Church purposes will not much exceed $250,000."

This plain, and doubtless, truthful statement, makes the romance out of the popular ideas of the fabulous wealth of the Corporation. In comparison with some private fortunes in New York, the wealth of Trinity, available for purposes of revenue, is small indeed. At least four citizens of New York are reputed, and no doubt truly, to be possessed of fifty millions of dollars each, while Trinity, beyond the edifices of worship, of education, and of charity, which it has erected, in whole or in part, has only four millions of dollars yielding income. There must be fifty New Yorkers, each of whom can show as much actual working capital. As to the future appropriation of the revenues or the Corporation, he propounded his plans as follows:

I wish, with GOD's help, to devote, if not the whole, so much as I can, of our income, whatever it may be, to the spiritual and temporal good of the population of that part of the city which other religious bodies have forsaken and left to take care of itself. To that end, I would in the first place, resolve never hereafter to contract a dollar of debt for any purpose, and in the second place I would never consent to spend a dollar of income, but spend it as it comes, as it comes. Now, as to the plan of expenditure. Beginning at the farther point south, we have Trinity Church, which needs enlargement so as to make it capable of accommodating the crowds which so often turn in disappointment from its doors, unable to get in. Next in order comes this church, and after it, inclining westward and northward, we reach St. John's: these, our own chapels, must be maintained. Beyond St. John's chapel, on the west side of the town, and not too far away, a fourth church is required, just where St. Luke's new holds the ground and does so good a work. Opposite that point, to the extreme east, somewhere near the head of East Broadway, we should have a fifth church, and midway between them, near Broadway, on the line of Canal street, a sixth. I cannot see how one of those churches can be spared, if we are to keep up any landmarks of Religion in the wilderness; and, therefore, those six, at the very least, must be maintained. But in the next place, I would not think of working them, or any of them, as mere parish churches. Each should be a mission station; each should have attached to it a Clergy House, with men enough in residence to do the parochial work of a large district, to preach, if need be, in the streets, to visit from house to house, to keep up that incessant and unsuffering pastoral work by which the poor, the careless, and the vicious can be reached. But also in connection with each of those mission churches, I would have parochial schools, for boys and girls, furnished with all that is required to make schools desirable. Then, in some central place, or at some suitable and convenient points, I would have Houses of Charity, like St. Barnabas House, or St. Stephen's in Boston, at which the homeless, the poor, the unhappy, and the unemployed would be always sure of a lodging, a meal, and a welcome, and of such information and counsel as the case required. If the City Hospital should be removed, I would put an Infirmary of some kind in its place; and at any rate there should never be lacking physicians and dispensaries in connection with each of our Mission stations, to meet and take care of the sick. The churches, one and all, should be rendered as attractive as a suitable ritual, fine music, and artistic embellishment could make them; while in the work of teaching the young and administering to the sick, I know that I should find the devoted women who, assuming the state of life and the habit of Sisters of Charity and Mercy, would enter with enthusiasm on this field of labor, and give themselves up to Christ therein; while I would employ in the clerical force a considerable number of young men who, free from family ties and domestic cares, and able to live together in community, would constitute 'associate missions' in this moral and spiritual wilderness."

There is certainly much in this to awaken admiration not only of Christians, absorbed in preparations for the life to come, but in philanthropists, who are concerned primarily in the well-being of men and women while they remain upon the earth.

PILLAGE OF THE SOUTHERN MAILS.—The Boston *Journal* says that a letter was recently received at the office of that paper from Mississippi, complaining that the *Journal* does not reach its subscribers in that State. The writer says:

"Our mail and postoffice arrangements are at perfectly loose ends; no postmaster—and if one is found who can and will take the oath, such are the feelings of the people generally against him that no one dares let him a room to keep the office in, and his life even is threatened if he attempts to take charge of the mails. Only those who are Southern can have anything to do with the mails. Our letters containing money fail to reach their destination, and we have found our letters containing drafts opened.

THE POPE, in a recent conversation with Mr. Rufus King, the diplomatic agent of the United States at Rome, made some declarations touching Fenianism:

"He had no idea that the movement would affect British rule in Ireland, for the ocean which rolled between the United States and Great Britain forbade the idea of invasion. But Canada, with its extensive and exposed frontier, offered an easier prize, and thither, he thought, the Fenians might turn their arms. It would be for the advantage of all parties, the Holy Father remarked, that the United States should take Canada and incorporate it into the American Union, rather than allow the Fenians to possess themselves of it."

Sensible, on the part of the Pope.

—A few days ago a young man residing at Fayetteville, Onondaga County, of strong muscular frame, dislocated his lower jaw in the act of gapping. A doctor was called to his assistance, who found his patient unable to close his mouth. It became necessary to put him entirely under the influence of chloroform before a sufficient relaxation of the muscles could be induced to restore the jaw to its natural position.

A Hard Case.

The Chicago *Republican* tells the following: "Chauncey M. Depew, late Secretary of State of New York, refused to allow his name to be brought forward for Lieutenant Governor during the last canvass, owing to his recent pecuniary misfortunes. He is still a young man, and his brilliant career as a politician, his purity of character, his accomplishments as a chaste and eloquent speaker, and the confidence universally felt in his personal and political integrity, all marked him out for a successful and prominent man in business and political circles. On his retirement from the office of Secretary of State, he entered into the banking business in Wall street, in partnership with a Mr. Potter, and the new firm of Depew & Potter were fast winning their way to public trust and favor. Suddenly, by the crime of one of their clerks, all these promises of success were dashed. Three hundred thousand dollars in money and bonds were stolen from them by an employee. Not only all their own funds, but large sums deposited with them by others were lost. Utterly overwhelmed by this sudden ruin, Mr. Potter could not even bear up under the shock of meeting with the creditors, but went home to Pennsylvania, content to sink down and give up all, a ruined man. Mr. Depew met the creditors, but the mental agony of the struggle nearly overthrew his reason, and for weeks afterward he seemed to verge on insanity and suicide. When asked to participate as a candidate in the State canvass, he declined, lest partisan feeling should drag and distort his pecuniary misfortunes to the injury of his ticket. Mr. Depew is still one of the ablest, most patriotic and most accomplished young men before the country, and notwithstanding his severe misfortunes, has still years enough before him to attain to far more than he has lost. His misfortunes are of a character to receive the sympathy of the entire country."

A CORRESPONDENT of the New Orleans *Times* furnishes the following history of the family of our great Admiral:

"The Farragut family was originally Spanish, natives of Barcelona. Before the Revolution the grandfather of the Admiral emigrated to the neighborhood of Norfolk, Virginia. Shortly afterward, the Farragut family removed to Tennessee, where they found William C. C. Claiborne just elected to represent the State in Congress. He was soon after appointed Governor of Mississippi Territory, and thence transferred to Louisiana. Subsequently the Farragut family removed to this city, where the father of the Admiral and one of his brothers, a naval officer of high standing, died. Here he passed his early youth, and here, some fifty years since, he received his appointment in the navy of the United States, on the application of Governor Claiborne, his steady and devoted friend. In this city the Admiral has numerous relatives, honorable and respectable men, who, in the late struggle, shared with the masses of the Southern people their notions of duty and patriotism. Their illustrious kinsman followed his own opinions, and maintained them in a career distinguished no less for personal gallantry and pre-eminent professional ability, than for his generous and humane conduct to the unfortunate."

CHOLERA! CHOLERA!! CHOLERA!!!

With the almost certain advent of cholera with the coming of the spring, no thoughtful person will be unprepared for it, as there is now every experience has demonstrated to be the most certain antidote—that which has proved most effectual when all others failed, never purchase a new and untried article, when an old and reliable article can be had.

Those who have been relieved on no two former occasions, it was found by experience that.

FLEMING'S CHOLERA MIXTURE

Was the best and most relief all others, therefore would recommend, as I do would not be doing my duty to the last you can depend on, you could purchase it to the exclusion of all others. Sold only in Pittsburgh, at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,

Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.

REMEMBER THE PLACE!

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

84 Market Street.

Sent by mail anywhere on receipt of three dollars. nov3 TFS

A Beautiful Head of Hair!

"London" The great "Hair Color Restorer"
"Wonderful" "LONDON" "Hair Color Restorer"
"London" the dressing "Hair Color Restorer"
"London" Room "Hair Color Restorer"

1. It will restore gray hair to its original color.
2. It will make the hair grow on bald heads.
3. It will restore the natural secretions.
4. It will prevent the hair from falling off.
5. It will cure all diseases of the scalp.
6. It will keep the hair in any desired shape.

Sold by McCLARRAN & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, cor. Diamond alley; A. KELLY, 52 Wood street, and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. aug27:lmw

SPREAD THE TRUTH.—Some medical men insist that it is undignified to advertise a remedy, however valuable it may be. Queer reasoning this. It is like saying that an article which the world needs should be hid in a corner—that benefits and blessings may be too widely diffused—that the means of protecting and restoring health should be a close monopoly, and not accessible to all. The argument is absurd. It is preposterous. Suppose HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS—an absolute specific for dyspepsia, biliousness and nervous debility—had never been known beyond the repertoire of the druggist who sold it—been the consequence? Instead of curing and invigorating millions, the good effects of the preparation would have been confined to a comparative few. To refer to the highest authority for saying that light should not be hid under a bushel, that whatever is excellent should be placed not only on a hill, where all men may take cognizance of it. It is upon this principle that the BITTERS have been advertised and continue to be advertised in every newspaper of any prominence in the western hemisphere, and that the spontaneous testimonials in its favor have been translated into all written languages. Thousands enjoy perfect health who would be languishing on beds of sickness if the newspapers had not spread the truth with regard to this world-famed tonic and alterative. Thousands, who suppose quack nostrums are the only ones advertised, suppose quack has been reaped from this publicity. Is that any argument against it? If the public benefit is what is sought, it is proof that good has been done. The greater good done, the more accomplished, and who so mean as to grudge to exertions thus directed their fair reward?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ALL NAUSEOUS MEDICINES taken without taste or smell, by using DONDAS, DICK & CO.'S SOFT GAPSULES. The best in use. Sold by Druggists generally. nov9:261

TEMPERANCE LEAGUE.—A meeting of the PITTSBURGH TEMPERANCE LEAGUE will be held in the CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (Fifth) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, when an address will be delivered by Capt. CHARLES W. McHENRY.

By order

nov9:262 R. C. MILLEN, Secretary.

SHOES, HARNESS & CARRIAGE MAKERS should see the new

Grover & Baker No. 1 Sewing Machine

Before buying elsewhere. It is the best for their use. For sale at

nov9:267 NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

LETTER CLIPS,

PAPER CLIPS,

BILL AND CHECK FILES,

METALLIC MEASURING TAPES,

INDIA INK AND

WATER COLORS,

For sale by

W. S. HAVEN,

Corner Wood and Third Sts., Pittsburgh.

nov9:264

FOR SALE—One Brick House and Lot on Webster street, Allegheny, inside the Commons. The house has five rooms, with a good cellar and finished garret. The lot is 20 by 100 feet, with a stable on the alley at back end of lot; all in good order, and for sale cheap. Enquire of

RAMSEY & HALL,
Real Estate Agents,
nov9:81 No. 31 Beaver street, Allegheny.

LARD OIL.

75 bbls. Extra Refined and Warranted Winter Strained, for sale by

CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
nov9 No. 201 Liberty street.

NEW LARD.

A lot of kettle rendered choice Lard, in tierces to arrive for sale by

CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
nov9 No. 201 Liberty street.

HOMINY.

100 bbls. new prime White Flint for sale by

CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
nov9 No. 201 Liberty street.

CHEESE.

100 boxes Goshen, Factory and Hamburg for sale by

CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
nov9 No. 201 Liberty street.

BROOMS.

100 dozen for sale by

CHARLES C. BALSLEY,
nov9 No. 201 Liberty street.

CHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, Nos. 172 and 174 Wood street, near Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov9:85

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner Fourth and Woodsts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE

Is the Ultima Thule of Mechanism. Please call and examine it at

NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between SOL. TRAUERMANN, SIMON MARKS and GEO. W. HENDERSON is dissolved as of this day. All business of the firm will be settled by the undersigned.

SOL. TRAUERMANN.
SIMON MARKS.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 8th, 1866. nov8:72

RHODES'
PITTSBURGH BREWERY.

CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.
Successors to
JOSHUA RHODES & CO.,
BREWERS, MALSTERS & HOP DEALERS,
Corner of Duquesne Way and Barker's Alley.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
nov9:a50

BREWERS' NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, BREWERS OF PITTSBURGH, resolved, at their last meeting, that settlements with Dealers shall be made on the FIRST OF EVERY MONTH, commencing November 1st, 1866.

SPENCER & McKAY,
D. FAWCETT & CO.,
CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,
Z. WAINWRIGHT,
MICHAEL THIEKEN,
FOLLOCK, KALTENHORN & CO.
nov9:n71

FRANKLIN COTTON WORKS,
WEST CANAL STREET.
E. HYDE'S SONS
Are now prepared to manufacture

COTTON YARN, CARPET CHAIN,
COVERLET YARN, CANDLEWICK,
TWINE, BATTINGS,
COTTON WRAPS, &c., &c.

WEST CANAL STREET, between Robinson and Lacock, Allegheny City, Pa.
P. S.—All orders by mail attended to. nov9 n69

SALE OF CONDEMNED ORDINANCE AND ORDINANCE STORES.—Will be sold at Public Auction, at FORT MONROE ARSENAL, Old Point Comfort, Va., on THURSDAY, the 29th day of November, 1866, at 10 o'clock A.M., a large quantity of Stores, consisting in part of the following articles, viz:

28 Field and Siege Cannon, cast iron, of various calibres;
31,670 Shot, Shells and Spherical Case, for smooth bore and rifled guns;
79 Morrill's Carbines, new and repaired;
850 Enfield Rifled Muskets, cal. 577;
25 Henry's and Spencer's Repeating Rifles;
700 Foreign Rifles, "Austrian," cal. 54;
350 Smooth Bore Muskets, model, 1842, cal. 69;
200 do do do altered to percussion, cal. 69;
10 Smooth Bore Muskets, flint lock, cal. 69;
237 Revolvers "Whitney's and Remington's" Navy, cal. 36;
1,651 Cavalry and Artillery Sabres;
211 Swords, Staff and non-commissioned officers.

Fourteen days will be allowed for the removal of stores.

TERMS OF SALE—CASH.

T. G. BAYLOR,
Capt. of Ord. and Ret. Col. U. S. A. Comg.
nov9:n21

GET NONE BUT A GROVER & BAKER

For a Holiday Gift. It is reliable, perfect and therefore the best. Don't fail to call and see it at

NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

THE
FORT PITT FOUNDRY.
CHARLES KNAP NEPHEWS
MANUFACTURERS OF
HEAVY ORDNANCE,

AND ALL KINDS OF HEAVY CASTINGS.
Special attention paid to ROLLING MILL WORK, GEARING and MILL CASTINGS.
REPAIRS attended to promptly.

PITTSBURGH CUTLERY COMPANY.—We have on hand the finest stock of

POCKET CUTLERY

In this city. Also,

HollowGround Razors

In Endless Variety.

WM. N. OGDEN,
Agent Pittsburgh Cutlery Company,
Nos. 67 and 69 Fifth Street.
(DISPATCH BUILDING.) oct3

BUSINESS MAN'S
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
Nos. 6 and 8 St. Clair Street.

Book-Keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, time unlimited.....$40 00
Arithmetic and Penmanship per quarter of three months.....20 00
Penmanship, per month.....8 00

For Circulars or Specimens, address
S. SHAFER, or
J. F. McCLAYMONDS.

BUY THE BEST.
PETROLIA BLUE LEAD,
FOR OIL REFINERS,
Manufactured only and for sale by
T. H. NEVIN'S CO.,
Pioneer Paint Works,
N. W. Cor. 3d and Market Sts.,
oct19 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
J. WILHELM,
No. 38 Market St., Pittsburgh,
Has just received a very large stock of all kinds of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Which he is prepared to sell cheaper than the cheapest in the city. Also takes orders for his OWN MAKE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, which he warrants to give satisfaction.
REMEMBER,
J. WILHELM,
No. 38 Market street.
oct30:m82

COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE.—TWO LOTS, one of ten acres and the other of seven, on the Central Railroad, immediately at STATION, one mile from Braddock's, and about the same distance from Swissvale Station, each with have a beautiful and commanding view of the Monongahela river, and both abut on the public road leading from Braddock's Field to Pittsburgh. Apply to HAWKINS, Jr., No. 58 Grant street, for further information.
nov8:b59

WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS, Northwest Corner of West Common, ALLEGHENY.
FREDK. ALIVATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice HEARTH AND STEP STONES, FLAGS FOR SIDEWALKS, BREWERY TANKS, &c., &c. HEAD AND TOMB STONES, &c., &c. ☞ Orders promptly executed. PRICES REASONABLE. oct31:m100

FOR SALE.
A FIRST-CLASS ROUTE
ON THE GAZETTE
WILL BE SOLD THIS WEEK. For further particulars call at the COUNTING-ROOM. nov6

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED until
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9TH, 1866,
At 5 o'clock P. M., by the Committee on City Property, for the GOOD INTENT ENGINE HOUSE AND LOT, on Wylie street, near Logan, Sixth Ward. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
J. Y. M'LAUGHLIN, President.
nov7:n14 72 Pennsylvania Avenue.

FOR SALE.
A MARE, BUGGY AND HARNESS
Will be sold at Auction, on WEDNESDAY, 14th inst., at the OLD ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, 107 Federal street, to pay charges, the same having come into the possession of the undersigned, and being advertised for ninety days.
nov8:n89 CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Nov. 3d, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, 9th inst., at 10 o'clock P. M., for Grading and Paving North Canal street, from Lacock to Sycamore street. Also, for Grading Green Alley, from Centre street westward.
By direction of the Street Committee.
nov6:n61 R. E. FRANCIS, City Controller.

$25,000 TO LOAN.
Persons desiring to borrow money on BOND AND MORTGAGE,
For one, two or more years, will do well to call on
GEORGE M. PETTY,
nov8 Real Estate Agent, No. 13 St. Clair street.

UNDERCLOTHING, JACKETS, CASSIMERES, FLANNELS, BLANKETS, &c., all sizes and colors; GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c.
Piece goods at popular prices.
A. LEGGATE,
nov7 139 Federal street, Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

CLOAKING CLOTHS,
New Styles;
VELVET MANTLES,
New Styles;
RICH PLAIDS,
New Designs;
DRESS GOODS,
Splendid Variety,
AT
BATES & BELL'S
21 Fifth Street.
Ladies' Dress Coats, Sacques and Mantles made to order.
nov9:n63

ATLAS WORKS,
MORTON STREET,
Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh.
THOMAS N. MILLER, President.
These Works are among the largest and most complete establishment in the West, and are now prepared to furnish
Engines of Every Description,
Boilers, Oil Tanks,
Sheet Iron Work,
Railroad Castings,
Rolling Mill Castings,
Engine Castings,
Machine Castings,
General Castings.
ORDERS SOLICITED.
nov9:n68

J. SHEPHARD,
STEAM CRACKER BAKER
AND CONFECTIONER,
No. 317 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of
PLAIN & FANCY CRACKERS,
AND
FRENCH CONFECTIONARIES.
5,000 BOXES
PURE SUGAR TOYS, FOR HOLIDAYS.
Prompt attention given to orders. nov9

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the name and style of
EVANS, DALLAS & GILMORE,
SUCCESSORS TO
T. M. HARTON & CO.,
For the purpose of carrying on the
BOAT STORE
AND
SHIP CHANDLERY BUSINESS,
And Manufacturers of
Cordage, Packing, Yarns, &c.,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 90 Water Street.
W. S. EVANS,
JOHN B. DALLAS,
D. H. GILMORE.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 23d, 1866. oct31:n98

A SUPPLEMENT TO A SUPPLEMENT TO AN ORDINANCE RELATIVE TO NUISANCES, passed the 21st day of November, A. D., 1866.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgesses and Town Council of the Borough aforesaid, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That it shall not be lawful for any person or persons, corporations, or companies, to erect or carry on the business of melting, reducing or pressing bone's fat or tard, or manufacturing oils or other articles from bones, within the corporate limits of the Borough of Lawrenceville.

SEC. 2. Any person violating the provisions of the foregoing section shall, for every such offence, be liable, said unlawful business shall be prosecuted by him, forfeit and pay a sum of fifty dollars, to be recovered in the corporate name of the borough, before any Justice there has debts of like amounts are now by law recoverable.

Ordained and enacted into a law this, the 5th day of November, A. D. 1866.

C. BUFFUM, Burgess.
J. J. COVERT, Clerk. nov8

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!
JAMES T. SAMPLE
HAVING BOUGHT THE WELL KNOWN DRUG HOUSE ON CORNER OF FEDERAL AND ROBINSON STS., ALLEGHENY,
Will keep on hand a full assortment of all kinds of
DRUGS,
And which will be sold cheaper than any other house in the two cities.
All kinds of PERFUMERY and FANCY SOAPS on hand. oct30

NEW STYLES HATS.
M'CORD & CO.,
131 *WOOD STREET.*
Are receiving an immense stock of
HATS, CAPS AND FURS,
Embracing an endless variety.
HATS FOR THE LADIES; GENTS AND BOYS; CAPS OF EVERY STYLE; FURS FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN; SABLE, MINK, SQUIRREL, &c., &c., in any shape or price, to which they invite the attention of all. oct1

MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES
Vaults, Fountains,
Statuary, Vases,
AND
DESIGNS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
T. BROOME,
oct31 No. 90 Penn Street.

NEW PAPER HANGINGS.
FOR PARLORS—French Designs, with Gold Borders.
FOR LIBRARIES—Pompeian Patterns on Orange ground.
FOR HALLS—New Greek Patterns on Red Clay ground.
FOR CHAMBERS—Lace and Muslin Patterns of Gay Colorings.
For sale by W. P. MARSHALL,
oct8 87 Wood street.

PITTSBURGH AND OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.
D. & A. MURDOCH,
(Successors to John Murdoch, Jr.,)
NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa., solicit attention to their extensive stock of ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES, EVERGREENS, GRAPE VINES AND GREENHOUSE PLANTS.
Call for a Full Circular.
Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Cars run to the Greenhouse every 15 minutes. ly8:n224

PAPER! PAPER!-PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
Warehouse, 82 Third Street, keep constantly on hand, and for sale, at lowest market rates, NEWS, BOOK, WRAPPING, MANILLA, COLORED, FELT and WRAPPING PAPERS. 10,000 odds, assorted now in Warehouse.
Clinton Mills at Steubenville, Ohio.
Brighton Mills at New Brighton, Pa.
oct18

FOR SALE! FOR SALE!—The Stock and Good Will of a
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY
ESTABLISHMENT, now doing an extensive and profitable business, in one of the best locations in our city. The parties will give the best of reasons for quitting the above business. Address
nov8:n84 T. H. B., BOX 239, Pittsburgh P. O.

STORES AND DWELLINGS ON OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY, AT AUCTION.—The two Stores, 115 and 117 Ohio street, near East Common, with Dwelling House in rear, will be peremptorily sold on the premises, on SATURDAY, Nov. 10, at 2 o'clock. The lot is 42 by 65. Lease 10 years from April next. Ground rent $42. Present rented for $624 yearly. Terms, one-third cash, balance in four months. Possession given.
nov7 A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,
THE ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Bill Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Checks, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., &c. Nos. 72 and 74 Third st., Pittsburgh. oct 1 m34

REMOVAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED has removed the office of the HOPE OIL WORKS from 25 Market to No. 44 Grant street, Pittsburgh, to their Works on CARSON STREET Brownstown, where they can no[w] be found.
Postoffice Address 836, Pittsburgh.
DUNCAN & WILLIAMS.
oct23:f3

NECESSARIES FOR THE WINTER.—For a good COOKING STOVE and other Kitchen Utensils go to No. 140 Grant street.
Plain and Fancy COAL SCUTTLES, FIRE SHOVELS, Plain and fancy; Utensils for Cooking Oysters and other fancy dishes; Fenders, stove Pipe, Water Conductors, and all other articles, call at P. & DUFFY'S, No. 140 Grant street, 3d door from Diamond. oct27

BOOTS AND SHOES.—A very large stock at very lowest prices.
A. LEGGATE,
nov7 139 Federal street, Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY GOODS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
J. W. BARKER & CO.,
59
MARKET STREET.
WE OFFER THE
LARGEST STOCK
IN
THE WEST,
AND AT THE
LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
DRY GOODS,
Blankets, Woolen Hoods.
FLANNELS,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
SHAWLS, SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
Muslins,
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
AT
McCLELLAND'S
AUCTION EMPORIUM,
Nos. 55 and 57
FIFTH STREET.
THE GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE.
Webster's Patent "Ordinary Wrench,"
FOR CUTTING OFF
Bolts, Round Rods, Steam, Gas, Brass and Lead Pipe,
Will hold a Round Rod or Bolt in SCREWING OFF
The Appliances needed in this WRENCH for Cutting and Screwing the up Pipe, &c., can be carried in the pocket, obviating the expense and burden of the great weight of Tongs, &c., to be carried and used in SCREWING AND CUTTING WORK.
That what is wanted by every STEAM and GAS FITTER, PLUMBER, ENGINEER, MACHINIST, BLACKSMITH, GAS and CARRIAGE BUILDERS, and on all STEAM-SHIPS, BOATS, LOCOMOTIVES, and RAILROAD REPAIR SHOP, FACTORY, &c., and every STORE and HOUSE WHERE WATER AND GAS ARE USED.
These WRENCHES are made in the most thorough manner, and are over 50 per cent. cheaper than any other tools need to perform the same work. A 12 inch Wrench will cut off and screw up pipe 1 to 1¼ inches diameter. A 18 inch Wrench will cut off and screw up pipe 1 to 2½ inches diameter. A 24 inch Wrench will cut off and screw up pipe 1 to 2½ inches diameter. For sale by
M. McSTEEN & CO.,
oct30:3 No. 34 Water street, near Liberty.

PITTSBURGH
BANK FOR SAVINGS,
Formerly the P. & S. SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
67 *Fourth Street,*
Nearly Opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1852.
OPEN DAILY from 9 o'clock, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from Nov 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock.
Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office, gratis.
This Institution especially offe to those whose earning are limited, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, a fund which, when called for, will be a resource when needed, and bearing interest instead of remaining unproductive.
BOARD OF MANAGERS.
PRESIDENT—
GEORGE A. BERRY.
VICE PRESIDENTS,
S. H. HARTMAN, JAMES PARK, Jr.
SECRETARY AND TREASURER,
D. E. McKINLEY.
A. BRADLEY, | WM. K. NIMICK,
A. S. BELL, | ISAAC HAHN,
JOHN DILWORTH, | JOSHUA RHODES,
G. FOLLANSBEE, | JOHN SCOTT,
JAS. L. GRAHAM, | E. C. SCHMERTZ,
CHRISTOPHER ZUG.
SOLICITORS—D. W. & A. S. BEL

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c

NEW GOODS AT

WHOLESALE.

3,000 DOZ. HOSE, in Merino, Wool, Balmoral and Colors;
500 DOZ. SOCKS, Wool and Merino;
1,000 DOZ. GLOVES, in Kids, Thread, Silk, Cloth, Berlin and Wool;
300 DOZ. BUCK GLOVES and MITTS, and Fur Top Mits;
2,000 LBS. KNITTING YARN, all colors;
French Corsets; Balmoral Skirts;
Hoop Skirts, Hoods and Nubias;
Knit Shawls, Capes, Infants' Jackets;
Scarfs and Comforts, also

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Linen and Wool Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers;
Neck Ties, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs,
And a full assortment of

Trimmings, Fancy Goods and Notions.

Merchants, and all who buy to sell again, are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Our aim is to give satisfaction.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
Nos. 78 and 80 Market St.
no3

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

AND THE CELEBRATED

Bon-Ton Hoop Skirts,

At Wholesale or Retail,

AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.
no3

NEW FALL GOODS.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 Fifth Street,

have just opened an extensive and splendid stock of

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
RICH BONNET & TRIMMING RIBBON,
EMBROIDERIES of every description,
RICH AND ELEGANT LACE GOODS,
REAL LACES of all kinds,
REAL LACE TRIMMED GOODS,
IMITATION LACES—a splendid line,
SWISS, JACONET MUSLIN,
NAINSOOK, SWISS, JACONET MUSLIN;
LINEN LAWN & CAMBRIC, IRISH LINEN;
GLOVES—new and attractive styles;
HOSIERY—a complete assortment;
LADIES' & CHILDRENS' MERINO VESTS and DRAWERS;
FANCY ZEPHYR ARTICLES—Splendid styles this season;
BERLIN AND AMERICAN ZEPHYRS,
SHETLAND WOOL,
THE GENUINE CASHMERE YARNS—all colors
BRADLEY'S SKIRTS of every size,
FANCY ARTICLES AND NOTIONS.

Merchants and Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our present extensive stock before purchasing elsewhere. All our goods being purchased direct on the best terms, we are prepared and will make a low prices as any Eastern Jobbing House.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED BY

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Full assortment of

BONNETS AND HATS,

At the leading Fall Styles.

Millinery Goods.

Crapes and Frames, Paris Fancy and Colored Silk Velvets in most desirable shades; Plain Fancy Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, new and rich colors; Flowers, choicest French and American; Feathers, Fancy hat and thing.

EMBROIDERIES.
(Well assorted.)

Cambric, Hamburg, Swiss, Loone, Cluny, Valenciennes Edgings and Insertings; Flouncings, Bands and Ruffings; Embroidered Linen Plaid, Linen Collars, Cuffs, Sets, Laces and Lace Goods
Dress and Cloak Trimmings and Ornaments;
Hair Nets, Gimps, Gimp and Braids;
Dress Trimmings, Bugle Frames.

WHITE GOODS.

A most complete stock of Jaconets, Cambrics, Muslin, &c., &c.
Handkerchiefs, Plain, Lace, Hem-stitched, Hemmed, Embroidered, Tape Bordered, etc., etc.
Hosiery and Gloves in every variety and all sizes.
Ladies' and Men's Underwear.

Furnishing Goods:

Suspenders and Neck-Ties; Heavy Shirts and Drawers; Duplex, Bon-Ton and IXL Hoop Skirts; Corsets, Corset Jeans, Linen and Silk Bolting.
Buttons—the latest novelties, all kinds.
Yarns—Greatest variety, Cashmere, Lambs Wool and Zephyr, all the various mixtures, plain colors and tangoon.
Gent's Paper Collars, and everything in the Notion line.
Prices as low as Eastern Jobbing Houses.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.
au21

NEW FALL GOODS,

AT

DENNISON'S,

NO. 24 FIFTH STREET.

EMBROIDERIES, in new and elegant patterns;
FANCY and PLAIN HOSIERY, in best qualities;
LADIES' HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS;
GENT'S do do
IMITATIONS and REAL LACE do
VALENCIENNES LACE, REAL THREAD LACE
IMITATION do do IMITATION do
GUIPURE LACE, do GUIPURE do
LADIES' DRESS CAPS in a variety of styles;
NEW STYLES LADIES' HEAD DRESSES;
WHITE SHIRTS, RECHAUTIES, PAPER & LINEN COLLARS;
ZEPHYR WORSTEDS,
SLIPPER PATTERNS, SHETLAND WOOL;
HATS, TURBANS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
And a full line of

NOTIONS, &c.

Our Goods are sold at

Lowest Cash Prices.
se26:TTS

CARR, McCANLDESS & CO.,
(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
No. 94 Wood St.,
Third house above Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
Third door from Suspension Bridge,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
Branch Store at Salem, Ohio. my24:t56

R. B. JEFFRIES,
Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail
Dealer in all kinds of
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
A large assortment of MEERSCHAUM PIPES and SMOKING TOBACCO, of the best quality, kept on hands. my23:b58

GEORGE BLUMENSCHEIN,
DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
SEGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO
Smoking Tobacco, Pipes, &c
No. 4 Seventh Street.
(Near corner of Liberty.)
my23:b14 PITTSBURGH

JOHN MEGRAW,
Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail
Dealer in all kinds of
Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,
45 HAND STREET.
A general assortment of Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my24:b56

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

THE BRADBURY NEW YORK,
AN
Schomacker & Co., Philadelphia
PIANOS.

The Estey & Co. Cottage Organ,
AND
AMERICAN ORGAN,

Acknowledged by the best musical talent in the United States to be superior to all others in power, purity and quality of tone, and thorough workmanship.
These instruments have for years taken the first premium over all competitors, at the various State and County Fairs, in prices they are lower than any others. All warranted for five years.

WAMELINK & BARR,
No. 12 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
1924

KNABE & CO.'S GREAT
UNRIVALLED PIANO FORTES.

PRINCE & CO.'S world-renowned AUTOMATIC ORGANS AND MELODEONS. Over Forty Thousand now in use. Splendid new stock just rec'd by and now in use. Splendid new stock just rec'd by
CHARLOTTE BLUME, 69 Fifth street.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON FIRST PAGE.)

Ladies' Relief Society, Allegheny City

The annual meeting of the Association was held on Monday, November 5th, 1866, and a resolution ordering the report of the publication of the Secretary and Treasurer was passed.

It was also resolved, that in the death of Miss Jane Tassey, the Society has lost a worthy and devoted member, whose works of charity and love will follow her. To the Widows' Home she had contributed the sum of five hundred dollars.

The following officers and managers for the ensuing year were elected:

President—Mrs. Gen. Robinson.
Vice President—Mrs. J. T. McClaren.
Secretary—Mrs. R. W. Poindexter.
Treasurer—Mrs. R. D. Thompson.
Managers—Mrs. R. S. Hays, Mrs. F. R. Brunot, Mrs. Dr. Trevor, Mrs. Breading, Mrs. Patterson, Mrs. Walter Bryant, Mrs. Lowry, Mrs. J. F. Jennings, Mrs. R. H. Palmer, Mrs. Hoag, Mrs. Oliver McClintock, Mrs. Cochran, Miss Cooper, Miss Fleming, Mrs. Dr. Hussey, Miss Pusey, Miss Bell, Miss Jane Smith, Miss Morrison.

ANNUAL REPORT.

Another year has been added to the history of the Ladies' Relief Society of Allegheny City, but the work is by no means ended. The necessity for its self-denying labors is as great as at any time in its past history. The Lord has placed the poor in our midst, and He has made it the duty of those to whom He has given this world's goods, to use them liberally for the relief of the needy and suffering, who not only claim the common sympathies of humanity, but the more substantial comforts of life, and the success of appeals heretofore made to a generous public is a guarantee that the appeal now made will not be in vain. Clothing (outward and fine), are kind words, but unaccompanied by laborious self-denial, are of little effect.

The aim of the ladies of this Society is to seek out the suffering and destitute who are worthy—furnishing them with clothing, food, and fuel, and ministering at the bedside of the sick. They ask them who are immersed in business or pleasure to offer the means necessary for their relief.

The following is an account of the distribution of articles during the past winter, viz: 4,765 bushels of coal; 320 yards of flannel; 405 yards of Jeans; 719 yards of calico; 542¼ yards of muslin, 60 yards of linsey; 140 pairs of shoes; groceries $6 13; 6 bed ticks. The Society hereby acknowledges the receipt of 1,300 bushels of coal from the Bremen estate, in addition to what is reported above.

Of the one hundred and sixty-eight families who were relieved during the past winter, about one hundred and fifty were widows, toiling to support the little ones dependant on them.

It may not be known in this world, of the weight of care and anxiety lifted from the widow and orphan relieved by our contributions, but in the last great day of account, when the records of time are unsealed, the Lord may say "inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these, ye have done it unto me."

Much care is exercised by the society, in discriminating between the idle and intemperate, and the worthy but unfortunate; and its record through the many years of its existence, is a sufficient guarantee that all contributions to the treasury will be judiciously applied.

The members of the society are far from any disposition to relax in their efforts to do good. The field is annually enlarging, and increased labor is demanded. Let our motto ever be "onward and upward;" and in humble reliance upon a merciful God, the giver of all good, let us enter upon the new year's labors with renewed zeal, hoping to impart much gladness and joy to sorrowful and stricken hearts; and by labors of love add many tributes of praise to the blessed Savior the great exemplar of charity and humanity.

TREASURER'S REPORT—RECEIPTS.

Donation of 1,600 bushels coal from A. D. Smith	$ 96 00
Cash from Union Skating Park	339 66
Cash collected by Mrs. Cochran to Pay Widows' Rent	25 00
Cash, Gentlemen's subscription list	1,052 00
Ladies' subscription list	255 40
General donations	136 30
Fines	6 44
	$1,910 80

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid—Dry Goods bill	$ 659 18
do. Shoe bill	238 10
do. Coal	788 50
do. Groceries	8 43
do. Treasurer's Book	1 00
do. Leeching sick woman	2 25
do. Widows rent	61 00
Paid out by Managers	76 50
Paid Sexton	8 00
Balance in Treasury	66 76
	$1,910 80

A Swindler on a Large Scale.

An individual named Captain Antonio Pillitier went to Parkersburg, West Virginia, a short time since to purchase the principal part of the oil district, representing he had a Haytian claim of $500,000 endorsed by Mr. Wm. H. Seward he gave his printed memorials to every one he wished to purchase any property from. On the strength of his memorials and representation of immense wealth, consisting of 150,000 acres of land in southwestern Virginia, a house and lot on the corner of 17th street and 5th avenue, in New York, heavy shipping interest for which he could give large "bottomry bonds."

He went to the oil regions of West Virginia, and purchased property to the amount of $500,000 and over giving drafts for the same on Jay Cooke & Co., of Washington, accepted by Victor Vinnair & Co., of Montreal, C. E., none of which were ever paid. In this way he purchased the interest of Camden, Jones & McConoughy, the Wier & McFarland Farm, the Keener Farm, and Dr. Williamson's Farm, representing fictitious interests as security. After his scheme fails, he audaciously returns and claims property for which he gave worthless draft to Mr. Lindlow, of New York city, places said property on lease at Oil Rock, borrows money on said property, and threatens to arrest Mr. Ludlow for swindling him. But Mr. Ludlow took the initiation step by arresting him, and sued for the face of the draft —$5,500—while the high-toned Pillitier "languished in his prison cell, either to reform or plan more deviltry." Probably the latter.

Refused to Lend.

Elizabeth Meredith came to the office of Alderman Humbert, yesterday, and made oath against Elizabeth Turner, for assault and battery. The deponent states that on Wednesday evening, the said Elizabeth Turner met her on Factory street, in the Fifth ward, and demanded the loan of two dollars and fifty cents, avering that she would pay her back the next day. Mrs. Meredith had not so much as the sum asked for in her possession, and she was therefore constrained to inform the applicant that she could not accommodate her, for the reason that her exchequer was empty. This exasperated Miss Turner, and after telling Mrs. Meredith what she had uttered was false, she shoved her violently into the gutter, the filth of which damaged her clothing to such an extent as to necessitate their replacement by new garments. The aggressive borrower was arrested at her home on Penn street, not after considerable difficulty, and conveyed to the office of the magistrate, who made her furnish bail in the sum of $500 for a hearing to be had in the case on Saturday afternoon, after doing which she was permitted to go on her way in anything but a joyful mood.

Supreme Court.

Court met yesterday morning at half past nine o'clock, a full bench being present.

The following judgments were entered and opinions delivered:

Opinions by Strong, J.—Pipers vs. Kepple; Wes moreland county. Affirmed.
Hoff vs. M. Canley; Westmoreland county. Affirmed.
By Agnew, J.—Curry vs. Dott; Armstrong county. Affirmed
Henderson vs. Jobe; Mercer county. Argued by Fetterman for plaintiff in error, and by Stewart contra.
Kelly vs. Green; Mercer county. Argued by Craig for plaintiff in error, and by Stewart contra.
W. J. Maginn, on motion of C. C. Taylor, Esq., was admitted and qualified to practice in this Court.
Nesbit vs. Adair's administrators; Lawrence county. Submitted by Kurtz for plaintiff in error, and by Taylor, contra.
Christy et al. vs. the Commonwealth; Venango county. Judgment of *non pros.*
Blackstode vs. Buttermore; Fayette county. Argued by Patterson for plaintiff in error, and by Kaine, contra.

False Pretense—A Strange Garment.

A lady named Catherine Barry came to the office of Alderman Taylor, yesterday, and instituted legal proceedings against Michael Crone for selling her a coat under false and fraudulent representations. The prosecutrix states that she entered the clothing store of the defendant, under the Academy of Music, Liberty street, and purchased a youths coat, for which she paid the extravagant sum of $10. On taking the garment home she subjected it to a rigid examination, and to her infinite horror and astonishment, discovered that instead of being sewed it was only glued together with some adhesive mixture that the heat melted, and so the coat fell in parts. The accused was arrested, but was released on giving bail for his appearance at a hearing to be had to-day at three o'clock.

Swindlers.—The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says: We learn that well dressed, smooth-tongued scamps are advancing over the country, having with them a model hay and manure loader, with which they are gulling farmers most outrageously. Their mode of operations is to visit the principal farmers, exhibit their model, sell a right to use it, and give an order on a manufacturing establishment, where they pretend to have a contract for the manufacture of the implement, receiving in exchange the farmer's note, which they immediately convert into money, at a discount, and clear out. It is probable that some of the patent-right venders will visit this county, and farmers should exercise due vigilance to detect them.

The Laws and Practice of the Game of Euchre. By a Professor. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers. Pittsburgh: for sale by Henry Miner.

No sedentary game is more popular or more generally used for amusement than euchre. This Manual is prepared by one who claims and seems to be an expert, and aspires to be an authority.

District Court.—Judge Williams having recovered from his indisposition, was on the bench yesterday morning, when the Court convened at nine o'clock.

The case of Gashorn vs. Butterfield, being an action for slander, occupied the attention of the Court during the entire day. It was not concluded at the hour of adjournment.

Special Caution.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has become so popular that various parties have put out articles calling them Mrs. Winslow's. Please take notice that the Mrs. Winslow of the Soothing Syrup is not connected with any other article. yl1d&w

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Mexican Mission—The Union Pacific Railroad—The President and His Policy—The Question to be left to the Southern People.

NEW YORK, NOV. 8.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: On Saturday last senor Romero, the Mexican Minister, sent a dispatch to President Juarez, notifying him that Hon. L. D. Campbell, the United States Minister to Mexico, and Lieutenant General Sherman, would arrive at Vera Cruz within a fortnight. Mr. Campbell is expected here to-night, and will await the arrival of General Sherman, who will probably reach here to-morrow. They will then have an interview with the President, General Grant and the Secretary of War, and receive their final instructions, after which they will depart immediately for New York.

Mr. Campbell did not contemplate leaving Ohio for this city for several days yet, but Secretary Seward telegraphed to him that he must be in readiness to sail on the 10th inst. from New York, as the United States steamer Susquehanna is to be ready for her voyage on that date.

General Sherman goes to Mexico, it is understood, to remain there only until the Juarez Government is once more fully re-established, so that in case it should be found necessary to use United States troops to enforce the supremacy of the Mexican Republic, there may be present of sufficient prominence to order the entrance of the United States troops into Mexico, and to direct their movements when there.

The latest advices received by the Government from Mexico are of such a nature as to lead to the belief that General Sherman will not be called upon to exercise the authority with which he is vested, but his presence there and the object of it being made known, will serve as an actual check, it is thought, upon those who might otherwise be disposed to resist the reassumption of the Government by President Juarez.

Gen. J. H. Simpson, U. S. Army, President of the Board of Commissioners of the Union Pacific Railroad west from Omaha and its branches, has just submitted to the Secretary of the Interior the Commissioners' report on the eighth section of "forty miles of the road extending from the two hundred and fortieth to the two hundred and seventieth mile post. The report represents the section completed and equipped as a first class railroad, and was yesterday submitted by the secretary of the interior to the President, with the recommendation that the section be accepted and the bonds and patents for land due the company be issued agreeably to law, which action received the approval and order of the President.

The *Times'* Washington special says: Those who expect Mr. Johnson to change his course in view of the result of the recent elections, will be disappointed. He will leave the question to the Southern people, and if they adopt the amendment, he will bow to the will of the people thus lawfully expressed.

The *Times'* special says: Instructions were sent to General Sheridan to forward notice to Juarez of the intended sailing of the party on the Susquehanna, and that they would meet the representatives of the Mexican Republic at Vera Cruz, or some other accessible point to be named by Juarez hereafter.

Southern News Items.

NEW YORK, November 8.—A special to the *World*, from Mobile, says:

Dr. Steele has announced himself as a candidate for the United States Senate, from Florida, in opposition to Governor Marvin.

A large quantity of English iron has been received at Pensacola, for the rebuilding of the Pensacola Railway.

New Orleans advices report Governor Wells absent at Charleston.

The Mississippi Legislature has adjourned to meet on the 21st of January.

The health of Governor Humphreys, who has been seriously ill, is said to be improving.

There is more activity in our cotton market and prices have advances to 36c for middling.

New York Election—Fenton's Majority 12,546.

NEW YORK, November 8.—The *World* gives Fenton 8,187 majority, the *Herald* about 8,000, the *Times* about 12,000, and the *Tribune* about 12,546.

The *Tribune* claims the election to Congress of Robertson in Westchester, Warwick in Orange, and Cornell in Ulster, which makes up for the loss of three members from this city and Brooklyn, and keeps the delegation as it is at present—20 to 11.

Massachusetts Election—Republican Majority 65,000.

NEW YORK, November 8.—A Boston special to the *Times* says: The returns from all the towns in the State, but nineteen, give Bullock, the Governor, sixty-four thousand eight hundred and ninety-four majority.

Trial of the Pirate Braine.

NEW YORK, November 8.—Braine, the alleged pirate of the Chesapeake, will be arraigned to-day in the United States Court in Brooklyn, but the trial will be postponed until Friday, the 16th.

Nevada Election—Republican Victory.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 8.—A Carson City dispatch says. The Union party carried the Nevada State election, yesterday, by about one thousand majority.

U. S. District Attorney Appointed.

BUFFALO, N. Y., November 8.—George G. Munger, of Rochester, is reported to be appointed United States District Attorney for the Northern District of New York, vice Dart, removed.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE" AND APPLICABLE TO EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a Letter from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at MADRAS, to his Brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is the most palatable as well as the most wholesome SAUCE that is made."

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused many unprincipled dealers to apply the name to SPURIOUS COMPOUNDS, the PUBLIC is RESPECTFULLY and EARNESTLY requested to see that the name of LEA & PERRINS appears upon the WRAPPER, LABEL, STOPPER and BOTTLE.

Manufactured by LEA & PERRINS, Worcester.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK. AGENTS FOR THE U. S.
oct6:l37tuF

JAMES SMITH, THOMAS BOOTH. D. A. YOUNG, THOMAS BROWN.

ALLEGHENY BREWERY.

Having purchased the old established Brewery known as the ALLEGHENY BREWERY, formerly owned by Campbell & Reehm, we would inform the public that we intend continuing the manufacture of

SPRING WATER ALES,

Made from Pure Spring Water, and from our facilities and long experience in the business, we feel satisfied that we will be enabled to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor us with their patronage.

SMITH & CO.,
465 Rebecca Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

All orders left at BROWN & GRAHAM'S, 203 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to. oc6:l61

WM. W. BARCUS..... GEO. S. GRAFF
BARCUS & GRAFF,
96 Liberty Street,
DEALERS IN GROCERIES & PRODUCE,
Fresh and Choice Articles,
AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.
Our aim is to keep a
First-Class Family Grocery,
And make it a SATISFACTION to ALL who may favor us with their patronage, in QUALITY, PRICE and DEALING.
BARCUS & GRAFF,
96 Liberty street, corner of Ferry.
se21:k33:TTS

SUPERIOR OAK TANNED, PATENT STRETCHED AND RIVETED
LEATHER BELTING AND HOSE,
Manufactured at No. 58 SMITHFIELD ST., by
HARTLEY, PHELPS & CO.
Also, Agents for New York Rubber Co.

Gum Belting.

Always on hand, a superior quality of LACE LEATHER and GUM HYDRANT HOSE, COPPER RIVETS and BURS, BELT HOOKS, etc. 1lwcop

H. J. LANCE,
SILK AND WOOLEN
DYER AND SCOURER,
ALSO,
Chintz Window Curtains and Chair Covers Cleaned & Reglazed without unpacking.
Nos. 35 and 37 Third Street,
Between Wood and Smithfield,
my19:a72 PITTSBURGH, PA.

DISSOLUTION.—The Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of T. M. HARTON & CO., No. 90 Water street, was dissolved on the 20th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1866, by the death of T. M. HARTON. All persons having claims against the firm will please present them for settlement.

GEO. N. ARMSTRONG, or
JOHN G. DALLAS.
Surviving partners, at the old stand.
oc6:m32 No. 90 Water street, Pittsburgh.

22 ST. CLAIR STREET. 22
RUSSIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
SURVEYING INSTRUMENTS,
OPERA GLASSES, TELESCOPES,
STEREOSCOPES, MICROSCOPES,
COMBINATION HYDROMETERS,
(U. S. standard,)
THERMOMETERS, BAROMETERS, SACCHROMETERS, &c. for sale at reasonable prices, by
J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician,
jy12 St. Clair Street.

S. SEVERANCE, No. 58 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS, WROUGHT SPIKES, common and railroad of every description.
Particular sized or shaped Spikes and Rivets, large or small, made to order at short notice. A good assortment constantly on hand.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN!
THE QUEEN OF
HAIR RESTORERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in NAME, but in FINENESS.
Is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.
An Infallible RESTORER and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.
It is no Hair Dye.
It acts directly upon the roots of the hair changing grey hair to its original life color; arresting premature decay and falling out of the hair; eradicating scurf and dandruff; and curing all humors of the scalp.
It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.
It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.
In short, if you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life use
MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.
Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale Agents.
my20:b02

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by
PHALON & SON, New York.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,
BOILER MAKERS
AND
SHEET IRON WORKERS,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.
Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers, in the best manner, and on the most reasonable terms in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Roller Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.
Repairing done on the shortest notice. je5:c41

LAKE SUPERIOR
COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS.
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, importers and dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand—Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:c34:d&wT

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS.
HUBBARD, RHO & CO., Manufacturers of PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS, warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description, Mill, Muley, Hoop, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other Saws.
Also, manufacturers of KNIVES and SPRINGS made from Sheet Cast Steel; Extra refined REAPER and MOWING KNIVES, &c.
Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.
Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. feb:c33

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINTS & MILLER.)
WASHINGTON WORKS,
Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh,
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Hoisting, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Agents for the GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers.

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,
Manufacturers of Iron Vaults and Vault Doors, Iron Railing, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c., No. 21 Second and 56 Third street, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.
Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh9:1y

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY,
an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the Vital Powers, the Cause and Cure. Relief sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. KILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au24:1lwd&wT

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THOMAS H. PHELPS,
DEALER IN
BOOTS, SHOES,
BALMORALS,
GAITERS AND RUBBERS,
46
SMITHFIELD ST,
PITTSBURGH.
no5:n22

J. A. ROBINSON & SO.,
61 Market Street.
Have just received a large and well selected stock o
Men's French Calf, Kip and Water-Proof Boots,
Ladies', Misses', Boy's, Youths' and Children's
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, BALMORALS, AND BUTTON
GAITERS
Of All the Latest Styles,
MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY
FOR THE RETAIL TRADE.
oc29

W. K. McCLINTOCK,
92 Federal St., Allegheny,
Has just received the largest and best selected stock of
Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Balmorals, Slippers and Gums,
Ever brought to this market.
GIVE HIM A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING.
REMEMBER,
McCLINTOCK'S
Boot and Shoe Emporium,
92 Federal Street, Allegheny City.
oc24

A LARGE AND FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
SUMMER BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS
And Balmorals,
Just received, and will be sold at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, either Wholesale or Retail.
GIVE US A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.
J. H. & W. C. BORLAND,
No. 95 Market street, 2d door from Fifth St.
my19

COOPER FIELDING..... JOHN FIELDING.
C. FIELDING & BRO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Custom Made
BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS,
No. 140 Ohio St., Allegheny.
Repairing promptly executed on the shortest notice. le7:c52

F. MUSSMANN,
Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,
GUNSMITH AND DEALER IN HARDWARE
First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully and promptly. oc2:1wdw

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
Pittsburgh White Lead Works,
PURE WHITE LEAD,
BLUE LEAD GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTIN OIL BARRELS,
No. 48 Wood Street.

LOUIS BERGE & CO., Manufacturers of
Grand and Square Pianos.
Warerooms, 97 BLEEKER STREET, Second Block west from Broadway, NEW YORK.
The Pianos manufactured by this firm are unsurpassed for powerful, clear, brilliant and sympathetic tone, with excellent workmanship Circulars and price lists sent on application. au10:1lwdw

PRIVATE DISEASES.
OFFICE 253½ PENN STREET, near Hand.
For the cure of all diseases of a private nature, in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also Seminal Weakness, and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention Cures warranted or money refunded.
Office hours—7 to 9 A. M., 12 to 2, and 6 to 8 P. M.
Address letters W., 253½ Penn street. my19 6

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

CARR, M'CANDLESS & CO.,
94 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,
Announce that they have just received and are now opening an UNUSUALLY LARGE and WELL SELECTED STOCK of all articles in the
DRY GOODS LINE,
Which they offer to the trade at the lowest market rates. Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine their Stock, comprising a handsome assortment of many
Scarce and Desirable Goods,
Together with Superior Styles of all the best makes of
Prints,
American Delaines,
Standard Sheetings,
Bleached and Brown,
Tickings,
Ginghams,
Canton Flannels,
Apron Checks,
Shirting Checks,
Col'rd Drills, &c.
FLANNELS,
Plain White, Scarlet, Mixed, Red and Grey Twilled, Rob Roy, Miners, Shaker and Shirting.
White and Colored
BED BLANKETS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
CLOAKINGS
&c., &c., &c.
FRENCH, GERMAN AND ENGLISH
FANCY DRESS GOODS.
Our Stock will embrace a great variety and all the latest Novelties.
NOTIONS,
A Full and Complete Assortment.
CARR, M'CANDLESS & CO.,
94 Wood Street.
oc13:lM
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH.
Have in Store and are Receiving
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
Which they offer at
EASTERN PRICES
AND TO WHICH
The Attention of Dealers is Invited.
C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON, J. G. STEPHENSON.
oc26:m09

MERCY HOSPITAL,
In Charge of the Sisters of Mercy.
FOR THE TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES requiring medical or surgical aid. All classes admitted, irrespective of nation, creed or color. Clergymen of all denominations permitted to visit patients of their own creed. Patients admitted free of charge, on application to any of the attending physicians or surgeons. All regular physicians residing by patients to private rooms may have full charge of the same.
Competent nurses, combined with the personal attention of the sisters, makes this institution superior to any in the State for those afflicted with disease. Our physician and surgeon in daily attendance.
Medical staff and months of daily attendance:
D. McNEAL, Jr., M. D., 150 Grant street, October, November and December.
THOS. J. GALLAHER, M. D., 142 Smithfield street, April, May and June.
SILAS N. BENHAM, M. D., 154 Third street, July, August and September.
B. J. CAMPBELL, M. D., 107 Ross street, January, February and March.
DR. J. DONNELLY, corner Sixth and Grant streets, Surgeon, in daily attendance. au24:1lz

CHINA WAREHOUSE.
RICHARD E. BREED,
IMPORTER,
No. 100 Wood Street.
BRITANNIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS AND TABLE CUTLERY, always on hand.
CHINA TEA SETS,
CHINA DINNER SETTINGS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA VASES,
CHINA NOVELTIES,
LAVA CAMEO BASKETS,
LAVA VASES,
LAVA SPITTOONS.
BOHEMIAN WARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
ENGLISH STONE WARE of all varieties, to suit wholesale and retail trade.
The largest and most complete stock of everything in this line in the city.
Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities. my17:a3

ALLEGHENY CITY FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
S. C. McMASTER & CO.,
No. 155 Ohio St., Allegheny.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Flour, Feed & Grain.
Cash paid for Wheat and Rye. jy7:1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. CHILDS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS, SHOES
AND
SOLE LEATHER,
No. 133 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
TO SHORT TIME and CASH buyers we offer superior inducements, as our facilities for buying are unsurpassed by ANY house East or West. Purchasing directly from FIRST HANDS entirely for CASH, we are enabled to sell as low as any Eastern Jobbing Hou
MERCHANTS are invited to call and examine our stock and note our prices before purchasing elsewhere.
Orders for
HOPE MILLS
Superior Cotton Yarns,
SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS,
Batting, Twine,
**COTTON

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.
London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.
Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

THURSDAY, November 8, 1866.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as reported by Robinson, McClean & Co., were as follows: Gold, 146¾; 1881's, 114½; 5-20's, old, 110¾; do, new, 107¾; new, July issue, 110¾; 7-30s, 1st series, 107¾; second and third 105¾. Michigan Southern R. R., 90¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 91¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 108¼; Erie R. R., 83½; Union Telegraph Company, 51¼; Chicago & Rock Island, 109¾; Chicago & North Western, 56¾.

It will be seen that the New York market is slightly off on all classes of securities, save old issue of five-twenty bonds. A temporary stringency in the money market is the moving cause. Railways, of course, are the first to feel the pressure. Our home market remains without much change. The enquiry for Bank stocks continues without much abatement. For all the old Banks full prices can be easily obtained. Oils are heavy—Columbia is offered at 16¾. Buyers hesitate about bidding over 15¾. Marine moves slowly at anything above 2¾. Sales to-day of Triumph at $1.

—*The New York* bank return for the past week is not quite so strong as on last Monday. The increase of money, in reserve, is $1,735,699 less than on the previous statement; that is, $3,971,051 less in greenbacks, and $1,538,324 more in gold and gold notes. The *pro rata* of lawful money to circulation and deposits is 33 per cent, as against 33¾ per cent last week. The present surplus of money over the required legal average of 25 per cent is $20,242,000. The loans are about three millions less than last Monday. In the money market the rates to the brokers are the same as at the close of last week.

—The Treasury Department wishes to withdraw from circulation the bills of First National, Attica, Venango; Merchants' National, Washington; First National, Kirksville, Mo.; National Union, New York; First National, Leonardsville, New York. The Lincoln National Bank, of New Hampshire, has undertaken to collect and return the bonds to the Bureau at Washington for cancellation. In the absence of any general system of redemption, and at a time when all national notes pass readily at par, the public takes no notice of the location of the notes in circulation 'Omaha passes as readily as New York or Boston.

—The Corporation of Stock Brokers in Paris (*agents de change*) have adopted a most important resolution, the consequences of which it is difficult to anticipate. They have repudiated that "solidarity," or joint and several liability of the whole house for the good faith of every one of its members in his dealings with the public. Henceforth the public is warned that when a sum of money is entrusted to any Paris stock broker for investment in efficient trusts entirely to the solvency and honesty of the individual, and has no remedy against the rich and powerful corporation of which he is a member.

New York Financial Matters.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8—Money moderately active, 5@6 per cent. sterling; Exchange dull, 109¾@109¾; Gold lower, opening at 146¾, declining to 146, and closing at 146⅛; Government stocks without decided change. New York stocks stronger; U. S. 5-20s, coupon 1865 107¾; Treasury's 2d series 106 do 3d 105¾; Ohio and Mississippi certificates 105⅝; Western Union Telegraph, 51⅝; Quicksilver, 58; Atlantic mail, 111; New York Central, 120½; Erie, 83¾; do, preferred, 93¾; Reading, 105¾; Michigan Southern, 92; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 91¾; Illinois Central, 124¾; Northwestern, 56¾; do, preferred, 79¾; Fort Wayne, 108¼; Toledo, 108¼; Chicago and Alton, 110¾; Milwaukee and St. Paul preferred, 70½.

The Post's money article says: Gold is lower to-day and continues so easy for delivery as to be lent without interest, or even to require the payment of the premium of one-fourth per cent. to have it carried. The loan market is rather more quiet than for a day or two past, still there is very little offering below six per cent. on National securities, the rate on which is five per cent. Discounts are less active and choice paper passes at 6@7 per cent. The stock market opened very gloomy, and conditions were lower. Governments were fully sustained except Seven-Thirties, of which some lots sold at a fractional. After the regular board quotations Reading fell to 105¾, New York Central, 120½; Erie, 83½; Hudson, 125; Reading, 105¾, Michigan Central, 115¾; Michigan Southern, 90¾; Illinois Central, 124¾; Northwestern, 57¾; Northwestern, preferred, 79; Rock Island, 109¾; Fort Wayne, 108¼; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 39¾. Foreign Exchange quiet and lower, at 109¾@110 for London are at 108 to 109; for commercial, 109¼ to 109¾, and for bankers do, at short sight, at 110¾@110¾.

LATEST.

There was a very general effort on the part of the money lenders and the banks to put the rates for call loans up to 6@7 per cent. to-day, but it was not successful and even 6 per cent. was not paid to such an extent as yesterday. The decrease in the volume of business on the stock exchange has lessened the demand for money, and this operates very much against any advance in rates of interest. There is no drain of currency at present from this point, and the amount of unemployed capital is very large. There is nothing likely to occur in the immediate future to create any stringency, and the many reports circulated on the street are only for effect and originated with the bears. At the close of the day the market was quoted easier at 5@6 per cent. for call loans.

The offering of paper at the banks and in the open market are quite liberal, and capitalists prefer call loans to paper at present. There is a close scrutiny of names, and nothing but prime paper passes at 6@7 per cent. Second grade of paper dull and discounted at irregular rates.

The gold market has been dull during the day, and there is almost an entire absence of any speculative feeling. The price ranged from 146 to 146⅝, and closed at 146⅛ cash. Gold has been loaned flat and, as high as 5 per cent was paid for carrying it.

The market for exchange remains dull, and the demand from importers is slight. There is an increase in the supply of cotton bills, which do not pass very freely. Bankers ask 109¾ to 109¾, but the volume of business was small. The Government Securities were dull this afternoon, and generally a fraction off from the highest point in the morning. The closing rates were as follows: Registered of '81, 114⅝@114⅞; reg., of '82, 107¼@107⅝; do, coupons of '82, 108¼@109¼; do, coupons of '64, 107¼@107⅝; do, coupons of '65, 107¼@107⅝; do, January and July, 110@110⅛; 10-40's reg., 106⅝@106⅞; 10-40 coupons, 106⅝@106⅞; August 7-30's, 107⅝@108; June do, 105¾@106; July do, 105⅝@106; June Compounds, of '64, 116¾@117; July do, 115¾@116⅛; August do., 115¾@116; October do., 109¾@110; May do., 112¾@112⅝; August do., 109¾@110; September do., 110¾@110⅞; October do., 109¾@110; 1 0.

The following were the closing prices at 3:30 at the last Board: The Stock market was generally strong, and higher prices were made throughout the call: Atlantic Mail, 110¾@111¾; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 39¼@39¾; Canton, 56¾@57; Boston W. P., 32¾@33¼; Cumberland, 69¾@70; Quicksilver, 58¾@58¾; Mariposa, 13; Mariposa preferred, 25¾@26¼; Western Union Telegraph, 51¾@51¾; New York Central, 120¼@120½; Hudson, 124¾@125; Reading, 105¾@106; Michigan Central, 115¾@116; North Western, 57¼@57¾; Illinois Central, 124¾@125; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 92¼@92¾; Toledo, 108¼@108¾; Rock Island and Pacific, 109¾@110¼; North Western, 56¾@57; N. W. preferred, 78¾@79¼; Fort Wayne, 108¾@109.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, November 8.—Cotton dull, and 1/16c lower, at 29c for Middling Uplands. Flour dull, and common grades are 20@25c lower; $10.75@11.75 for sound common extra; $11.75@12.75 for extra fr. H. O., and $12.50@14.50 for trade brands, the market closing quiet and heavy. Whisky quiet. Wheat still and common 3@10c lower, at $2.39@2.42 for No. 2 Chicago and Milwaukee; later price for very good rejected Milwaukee, $2.05, $2.45 for choice White Michigan. Rye nominally unchanged. Barley opened firm, closed heavy, and declined to $1 for inferior Chicago; $1.12 for No. 2, rowed, State, and $1.07@1.08 for Canada West in bond. Barley Malt quiet. Corn dull, and 2@3c lower, at $1.20@1.28 for shipping mixed Western afloat and in store, closing at $1.24@1.25, and White Western, at $1.28@1.30. Oats 1@2c lower, at 70@72c for Chicago and Milwaukee, and 72@73 for State. Coffee steady but unchanged. Cuba, 13 3/16@13¼ for sugar Molasses dull. Petroleum heavy, at 23c for Crude, and 35¼@36c for Refined in Bond. Pork heavy and lower, at $27.25@27.50 for regular, and cash for New Mess, closing at $27.50, and $24.50@25.50 for Prime; also 4,500 bbls New Mess at $27@27.25, seller for November, $27.75, buyer for the last half of November, $26.25@26.50, seller for all the year, and $27.75, seller for December and January. Beef unchanged, at previous prices. Beef Hams quiet, at $37@40. Bacon dull and lower, at 14c for Cumberland Cut, and 15@15½c for short-ribbed. Cut Meats heavy, at 13¾@14½c for Shoulders, and 15@16c for Hams. Dressed Hogs easier, at 10½c for Western. Lard dull and lower, at 13¾@15¾c. Butter steady and active for Ohio, 30@31c for State, and 30@35c for Orange county pails. Cheese quiet, at 8@12c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, November 8.—There is but little change to report in the dry goods trade this morning. Brown Sheetings and Shirtings are only moderately called for, and although there is no reduction in prices, agents are reserved to these lower figures for whole lines not very large, but stocks are quiet; stocks are and the mills are running on light production, with some talk of further reducing prices. Stripes and Ticks have met a light demand, and for a single case there is no reduction, but for whole lines any goods lower prices would be accepted. Linseys and Flannels are in light request, but otherwise woolen goods are very dull. Jobbers' Prices—Brown A. Sheeting—Atlantic, 20¼; Stark, extra, 21½; Pittsfield A, 18½. Bleached Shirtings—Longdale, 38½; Red Bank, 22; Cano, 13½. Printers—Merrimac W, 21; Pacific, 19. Empire W, 21; Fruit of the Loom, 21½. Ginghams—Lancaster, 27½; Glasgow, 26. Cambries—Washington, 15; Victory, 13½.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Flour dull and declined 10@15c.; Wheat closed nominal at decline of 3@10c., 2@2½c. No. 1, 188,429 bu 20 No. 2's. Corn dull and declined 3½@4c, closing 95¾ No. 1, and 94¾ @96 for No. 2. Oats declined 1@1½c, and 45@44 for No. 2; 43@44 for No. 3. Highwines dull. Mess pork declined 20c.; 24,500@25; Hogs moderately active at the decline of 25@30c.; 6,750@7,025 for common to good.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 8.—Cotton dull and declining; sales of 1,500 bales low grades at 25@26c; receipts 4,000 bales. Sterling nominal, at 60.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, November 8, 1866.

There are no new characteristics in the produce markets worthy of special notice. The slight reaction in Chicago, as yet, has made no perceptible impression here, excepting perhaps to cause operators to reflect a little, and bring themselves down to believe that there is a possibility of a decline. Notwithstanding the first week of November has passed, thus far none of our packers have entered the field, and while Hogs are now lower than they have been for several years, yet they seem disposed to hold off in anticipation of a still further decline, and at present, the indications are in their favor.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet but firm with sales of No. 1 Spring at $2.65. Barley is less active but unchanged; we can report a car load of medium Spring at $1.15. Corn is in good supply and firm, though the demand is light supply and firm, though the demand is light; sales of car load prime old shelled at $1.15. Oats may be quoted steady at 54 to 55,on track, and 58 in store. Sales of Rye reported at $1.20 to 1.25.

FLOUR—Is firm, with a moderate local demand but unchanged. We continue to quote at $12.50 to $13 for Spring Wheat, and $13.50 to $14 for Winter Wheat brands. Rye Flour is firm at $8 per bbl, and Buckwheat is selling at $4½ to $4½ per cwt.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is dull but nominally unchanged at 16½ to 17 for Shoulders; for Ribbed Sides, and 24½ for Sugar cured Hams. Lard is dull at 15 to 15½. Live Hogs selling at ½c to 8¾c per cwt gross. No movement in Mess Pork.

MILL FEED—Sale of 1 car Seconds at $1.45. Middlings may be quoted at $1.35 to $2, according to quality. Not much inquiry for Bran or Shorts.

SEEDS—We can report a small sale of Flaxseed—bought by one of the mills—at $3.10, and that is no doubt the same figure could be obtained readily for a round lot. Nothing doing in Clover or Timothy Seeds.

SALT—Is reported steady with a demand fully equal to the supply at $2.80 by the car load, and $2.90@3 in store—sale of 60 barrels at $2.80.

BUTTER—Is dull and the supply is somewhat in excess of the demand, though prime Roll is still selling at 30 to 32.

EGGS—In steady demand, and fresh packed sell readily at 30.

GREEN APPLES—Quiet but steady with regular sales in store at $2.75 to $3.25 per bbl, as to quality.

POTATOES—Peach Blows may be quoted at 75 per bush, and $1.50 to $3 per bbl for Jersey Sweets.

CRANBERRIES—Steady with regular sales at $15 for common and $20 for cultivated.

ONIONS—Selling in a regular way, at $2½ to $2.75 per ton for prime baled—may be quoted at $20 to $22, in first hands.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, November 8, 1866.

CRUDE—The demand for Crude was dull and weak to-day, owing partially to unfavorable advices from the east, but mainly to the fact that our refiners are nearly all pretty well stocked, and consequently, do not seem disposed to buy any more at present; and, besides, if prices should still further decline, they will be able to take more advantage of it. We now quote at 10½ to 11c, b'ls returned, and 15½ to 16, bbls included—sale of 1,000 bbls at 15½, and 500 bbls, private terms; 800 on spot, a. 11; 270 at 10¾; 400 at 11, and 350 "Smith's Ferry," at 10¾, net. The reported sales to-day, as will be seen by the below, amount to 3,000 bbls, against nearly 13,000 bbls yesterday. We are cognizant of an offer having been made and refused, of 1,000 bbls at 16¼, packages included, free on board cars. This was offered to a Philadelphia house, who in telegraphing their declination of the offer added that they saw the best figure that could be obtained there.

REFINED—Continues dull and neglected, and while there seems to be little or no inquiry, it is also true that there is not much offering. On the cars here, we quote nominally, at 29 to 30, white 34 to 35 seem to be the ruling figures for prompt delivery in Philadelphia—36 might be obtained for December. Free Oil is dull and entirely nominal at 50 to 51, for standard brands, in small lots.

ARRIVALS—The following arrivals of oil were reported to-day:

W. Haldeman	1060	W. P. Logan.....	2000
Coleman	1000	Baxter to Ellison	700
John Bentz.....	600	Jas. Wilkins.....	800
Fisher & Bro	1150		
Total.....			8760

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, November 8, 1866.

CATTLE.

The receipts of cattle have again been pretty large during the past week, and another noticeable feature is the fact that the offerings, in the aggregate, were of a better quality than usual. It is true, there were some very common and inferior stock on sale, as always is the case, but it is also true, that there was a larger proportion of good fat cattle in the pens than has been known for some weeks past, and within the past thirty days, this same class of cattle has declined from 1 to 2c per pound. The fact is, for four weeks since, prime shipping cattle, suitable for retailing in the eastern markets, sold readily at from 8½ to 9—extra commanding 9¼ and 9½. Only a few head of cattle which did not command more than 7¾ to 8¼—extra not above 8 to 8¾. This week, so far as we could learn, there were sales made at 8¾ to 9, although we are cognizant of an offer of 8¾ for a small bunch of extra Ohio steers. Common to medium cattle are selling at from 5½ to 6¾, and inferior at from 4 to 5. The transactions were fully up to those of the last few weeks, and while there was a fair attendance of buyers, yet, there is no disguising the fact that the undertone of the market is toward a lower scale of prices, and stock growers and dealers in the west should bear this fact in mind and set their sails accordingly.

SWINE.

During the early part of the week, the market was rather stiffer and prices a shade higher, occasioned mainly, we have no doubt, by a strong competition a-mong buyers—sales having been made at 9½ to 9¾, but since then, under the influence of adverse reports from the east, and pretty free arrivals, the "bears" have become the ascendant, and prices have fallen off from ¼ to ¾ of a cent per pound. To-day, the best offers for good to prime heavy averages ranged from 8 to 8¾ gross, and even at these figures the margin for shipment is tight.

SHEEP.

The arrivals of Sheep were not very heavy during the past week, though the supply, nevertheless, was fully equal to the demand, and, if anything, compared with last week, prices have a shade lower, ranging from 3 to 5c. Occasionally we were told one drove of extra sheep sold at a fraction over 5 cts, but this cannot be taken as a fair criterion of the market.

REPORTED SALES OF HOGS NOV. 7, AND 8.

Seller.	Buyer.	No.	Av.	Price.
Emerick & Co.	to Tabor	42	201	8 25
Neely to Orr		66	242	8 60
Dickenson to McCall		25	245	8 50
Lamb to Tabor		54	236	8 50
Lamb to Imhoff & Co.		90	250	8 65
Turner to Gilchreist & Co.		59	265	8 50
Hall to Imhoff & Co.		45	292	8 50
Jones to Imhoff & Co.		49	—	8 25
Gibson to Gilchreist & Co.		96	258	8 12
Potter to Gilchreist & Co.		90	270	8 15
Casselman to Imhoff		46	260	8 35
Mairs to Taber		87	273	8 10
Smith & Co. to Hedges		41	250	8 00
Bolser to Hedges		85	264	8 20
Blackwood to Hedges		93	268	8 30
Ward to Taber		228	218	8 20
Gross to Hedges		194	224	8 20
Strong to Hedges		107	257	8 10
Miller to Gilchreist & Co.		50	241	8 25
Crawford to Logan		103	286	8 15
Thompson to Erisman		113	231	8 20
Tipton to Gilchreist		119	231	8 00
Little to Hedges		58	247	8 10
Megrue to Gilchreist		49	264	8 15
Campbell to Gilchreist		81	286	8 25
Robinson to Leeds		316	260	8 25
Segmour to Tabor		50	—	8 12
Hammer to Gilchreist		50	259	8 10
Zimmerman to Gilchreist		50	220	8 15
Kearns to Simpson		62	268	8 00
Lafferty to Hook & Co.		49	—	8 25
Lafferty to Crouse & Co.		317	283	8 00
Rundy to Gilchreist & Co.		105	270	8 50
Young to Gilchreist		34	250	8 10
Orr to Murphy		230	260	8 55
Orr to Wolfe		44	250	8 15

REPORTED SALES OF SHEEP NOV. 7, AND 8.

Seller.	Buyer.	No.	Av.	Price.
Lint to Loyd		92	82	4 18
Clinton to Erisman		564	101	4 35
Lacy to Rawlinson		179	91	3 75
Reed to Hesser		105	97	4 62
Dickenson to Rawlinson		46	81	3 90
Patterson to Hesser		348	82	3 75
Gadis to Deitrich		285	93	3 60
Gadis to Deitrich		216	91	3 60
Huff to Hesser		175	100	4 10
Lafferty to Loyd		176	—	3 75
Taylor to Loyd		151	54	3 00
Huff to Deitrich		188	87	3 87
Anderson to Erisman		161	81	3 85
Lafferty to Deitrich		162	87	3 75
Reebes to Rawlinson		321	79	3 50
Rue to Rawlinson		79	—	
Strickler to Erisman		200	97	4 25
Smith & Co. to Erisman		412	86	4 50
Miller to Hedges		178	94	
Huff to Deitrich		359	96	4 12

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Hunt reports the following sales: 54 head to Corbitt, weighing 57,000, at 6.35 head to Musselman, weighing 37,525, at 5.90. Green to Maynes & Co., 19 head, weighing 18,500, at 5.90. Clark to Toomey 21 head, weighing 20,250, at 6.30. Hyatt to Maynes & Co. 24 head, weighing 23,050, at 5.90.

Huff to Smith 43 head, weighing 38,125, at 4.90. Wernz to Shirk & Miller 16 head, weighing 15,850, at 6. Wernz to Wernz 50 head of good cattle, weighing 61,500, at 7½.

Emerick & Co. to R. Gray 32 head, weighing 36,000, at 6½. Emerick & Co. to Wernz 26 head, weighing 27,500, at 6. Lafferty to Grey 5 head of prime cattle, weighing 7,500, at 7.87½.

H. Miller to S. Miller 20 head, weighing 19,500, at 5¾; 1 bull at 4. Crabb to Graff 20 head, weighing 17,100, at 5. Hanshumer to Ebner 6 head, weighing 6100, at 7. Chryst to Funk 17 head, weighing 21,225, at 7½. Mace to Klemens 15 head, weighing 16,875, at 5½.

Hannity to Barlow 45 head, weighing 40,625, at 5.75. Casserbom to Shardel 22 head, weighing 17,850, at 5. Ely to Funk 20 head, weighing 19,000, at 5½. Kahn to Musselman 38 head, weighing 37,000, at 5.62.

Kahn to Groeff 37 head, weighing 36,750, at 5.62. Keys to Wernz 83 head, weighing 86,350, at 6½. Kahn to Evans 37 head, weighing 40,000, at 6.80. Southard to Klemen 11 head, weighing 12,450, at 6.15.

Newing to Wernz 34 head, weighing 38,550, at 6½. Wernz to Klemens 31 head, weighing 40,400, at 7. Patridge to Mooney 16 head, weighing 18,250, at 7. Caldwell to Wernz 14 head, weighing 15,450. Sanders bought of collected, 3 at 5½. Aull to Turner 19 head, weighing 19,700, at 6 3/8.

Wernz to Evans 20 head, weighing 19,000, at 6. Wernz to Whitmore 29 head, weighing 18,-850, at ——. Greenwald & Kahn to Aull 20 head, weighing 18,900, at 6. Robbins to Tobina 34 Smith & Co. to Mooney & Co. 59 head, weighing 58,400, at 5.10. Busser to Crawford 21 head, weighing 15,700, at 6½. Webster to McArdle 17 Co. 18 head, weighing 11,450, at 6.

Webster to Maynes & Co. 16 head, weighing 18,350, at 7. Thompson to Mooney & Co. 42 head, weighing 58,000, at 7.½. McCalb to Frazier 20 head, weighing 18,750, at 6½. Dond & Co. to Wernz & Klemens 90 head pretty good cattle at 7¾.

Miller to Maynes & Co. 17 head, weighing 18,-825, at 6¼; also, 34 head, to same buyer, weighing 37,600, at 6.50. Hoffman to Duffey 35 head, weighing 42,160, at 7½.

Cochran to McArdle 19 head weighing 26,-500, at 6¾. McKee to Kohler & Co. 20 head, weighing 19,950, at 6.35.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, Nov. 8—6 o'clock A. M.—Flour easier, No. 1. spring, 11,700@12,25; Wheat dull and nominally lower; Corn lower, 20,000 bush. Oats lower, offered at at about 1.14 for No. 1; Oats lower, offered at 66c for No. 2 Chicago without sale. Canada quiet at 1.12; Rye and Peas quiet; Pork, 26@28; Lard 15¾@16; Whiskey nominal, 2.38 retail.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, Nov. 8.—Flour quiet. Wheat; winter 3c and spring 1c lower; sales new white Michigan at $2.37; sales new white Michigan at $2.31; amber, $2.36@2.37. No 1 spring, $2.26. Corn 3c lower, at $1.00@1.05 for No 1 mixed. Oats 3c lower, at 50c. Lake Freights firm, at 8c for corn to Buffalo.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 8.—Flour; buyers scarce; prices unchanged. Wheat lower and unsettled; spring, $2.10@2.25; prime fall, $2.50@2.75; choice, $2.80@2.85. Corn firmer; 70c for new; 95c@$1.02 for old. Oats firmer at 48@55c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky firmer at $2.33.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 8.—Markets generally panicky to-day. Flour and Wheat much easier. Whisky in fair demand at $2.30 for bond. Provisions unsettled; no accurate quotations possible. Lard, 13½c. Old Mess Pork, $31.00; new not wanted, too warm. Gold, 45¾.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 8.—Flour dull; Wheat, 2.30 for No. 1, and 1.97 for No. 2. Corn and Oats nominally lower.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. November 8.—15 sks oats, J M Tate; 99 barrels cider, W H Hutchinson; 7 bbls apples, H Lenz; 2 cars corn, A Guckenheimer; 21 bdls brooms corn, McElroy & co; 50 bbls highwines, Shipton & Wallace; 100 bbls flour, J Gardiner; 100 do do, A Taylor; 100 do do, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 1 car barley, H Rea jr; 1 do do, J Wainwright; 1 do do, 1 do oats, 15 bbls cider, Culp & Shepard; 88 bbls apples, Blair & Woods; 2 do do, R & W Jenkinson; 2 cars metal, spang, Chalfant & co; 2 do do, Mc Knight & co; 1 car barley, W H Garrard & Son; 20 bgs do, H Reddie; 20 bbls apples, R Coulter; 25 do do, Voigt & co; 1 car barley, Spencer & McKay.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.—November 8—40 tons cheese, J Ross; 20 do do, Wm Gormley; 25 do do, M W Rankin; 25 do do, Wm Cooper; 7 cks pants, Bakewell, Pears & co; 35 bxs cheese, E H Myers & co; 30 bbls flour, Henry Heber; 100 bush wheat, Liggett & co; 200 billets and 498 blooms iron, Nimick & co; 8000 feet lumber, John Nanz; 100 bbls flour, Pettit & Sterrett; 1000 feet lumber, Wm Cromlow & Coon; 1 cars iron ore, Bryan & Caughey; 10 do do, Shoenberger & Blair; 2 do do, brown & co; 4 do do, Mcknight, Porter & co; 50 bbls apples, John Taylor & co; 6 bales, tobacco, F H McKenna; 15 bbls tobacco, E Megraw; 1 bg tobacco, C C Barr; 15 bxs glass ware, A Tuteur; 100 bbls barley, Hall & Speer; 1 car barley, Shepard & Shepard; 3 shovel plows, J C Bidwell; 1 bbl apples, Jacob Glosser; 25 sacks barley, 48 do do, McCullough, Smith & co; 34 sacks oats, Wm Bingham; 1 car hogs, J J Bender; 2 cars bricks, Loyd & Black.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.—November 8—33 sks barley, Garrard & co; 11 sks potatoes, 8 bbls apples, J S Robb; 100 boxes candles, Peter Lee; 1 car hogs, Thos Guthrie; 1 do do, Hook & Hood; 65 sks barley, J Gangwish; 80 do oats, 7 do corn; Sturgeon Bros; 5 bbls apples, J H Trimble; 20 do do, Culp & Shepard; 1 car barley, Potter, Aiken & Shepard.

ALLEGHENY STATION, November 8—1 car oats, R Knox & Son; 2 do wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 20 bags rags, Thos Guthrie; 52 sacks potatoes, P Blum; 7 pkgs butter, 1 do eggs, J Dunlap; 1 car bdls staves, 59 sks oats, 60 sks hickory nuts, Early & co.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—To-day steamer KATE PUTNAM.....Capt. J. H. LIGHTNER. Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, on WEDNESDAY, at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

PEOPLE'S LINE.—REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET between PITTSBURGH AND CINCINNATI.—The new and splendid steamer ARGOSY, Capt. Lewis Reynolds, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, from Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, at 12 o'clock M. Leaves Cincinnati EVERY SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M. For freight or passage apply on board. no8n22

FOR EVANSVILLE AND NASHVILLE.—The fine steamer CAMELIA.....Capt. LYTLE. Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, on THURSDAY, at 10 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CAIRO, MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The fine passenger steamer ARMENIA.....Capt. A. C. MCCALLUM. Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, on THIS DAY, at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI.—The splendid side-wheel steamer QUICKSTEP.....Capt. S. BARR, Jr., J. W. Floyd, Clerk, will run as a REGULAR PACKET for the above named and having part of cargo engaged. She will leave as above, on FRIDAY, at 12 M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK, Agent. MESS. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

WHEELING, MARIETTA & PARKERSBURG PACKET.—The splendid passenger steamer BAYARD.....Capt. GEORGE MOORE. Leaves Pittsburgh MONDAY AND THURSDAY.....at 11 o'clock A. M Leaves Wheeling TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.....at 2 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board. se18k1

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RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily at this point with four feet in the channel, by the marks last evening. The weather yesterday was cloudy and pleasant, and towards night the indications were favorable for rain.

The arrivals since our last report include the Bayard, from Parkersburg, and the Quickstep, from Cincinnati. The Bayard was considerably behind time, having being delayed by fog, and besides she was heavily loaded and was drawing all the water. The Quickstep made a remarkably good run on her last up trip, and she is now conceded to be one of the fastest boats above the falls.

There was not a single departure yesterday from the packets. The Bayard did not get out until about the middle of the afternoon. The Leni Leoti is due here from Parkersburg this morning, and will return again at noon.

Capt. Donaldson's mammoth new steamer Great Republic, attracted considerable attention yesterday. When completed, we have no doubt, she will be the finest steamer on the Western waters, and that is saying a good deal. Compared with her, the Robert E. Lee will be nowhere, either as regards speed or accommodations. The steamer on the Louisville exchanges stop "blowing" about the Lee the better.

The Kate Putnam, Capt. Lightner, will be ready to sail for St. Louis this evening, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind. The Putnam will be followed by the Sherman, Capt. Crane.

The Armenia, Capt. A. C. McCallum, is filling up slowly for New Orleans, as is also, the Camelia, Capt. Lytle, for Nashville.

The Quickstep, Capt. Sam Barr, Jr., will leave for Cincinnati on Saturday at 12 o'clock, and parties desiring to make a quick trip to the "Queen City" should not fail to be on board.

The Columbia, Nora and Wanunita have been hauled up to the main landing. The two former boats will load in turn for Cincinnati, and the latter for St. Louis.

The Kenton left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Tuesday, and the Importer and Amelia Poe were advertised to leave on Wednesday. The *Commercial*, of Wednesday, says: The Fleetwood, from Pomeroy, was the only arrival outside of the daily packets. The Kenton, for Pittsburgh, C. E. Hillman, for Wheeling, and Kate Robinson, for St. Louis, were the only departures, both boats being loaded to their capacity. One item of the Kate Robinson's cargo consists of 3000 boxes glass.

The following boats were in port at Cincinnati on Tuesday: Rose Hambleton, Dora, J. R. Groesbeck, Maggie Hays, Aheona, Nangie Lee, Anna, Champion, Starlight, Importer, Alice Dean, Amelia Poe, Nightingale, Bertha, Sam J. Parker, Amazon, Silver Moon, Fleetwood.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND. November 6.—Six feet six inches in the pass over the falls; five feet over the reef in Stand Clear Cove. The tow boats, Lizzie Neal, Capt. Jas. Neal, and S. Neal, came down. The Argosy, with three barges loaded with hay, for New Orleans, passed up this morning. The Argosy left Rowe, with three barges loaded with railroad iron for the Pacific Railroad Company, passed over the falls after putting two tons in the canal. She has 1200 tons of railroad iron for St.